

# *InfiniteFocus G6*

Product Information



Product Information

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# InfiniteFocus



**FUTURE-PROOF  
TECHNOLOGIES**



**GROUNDBREAKING  
USER EXPERIENCE**



**SMART  
DESIGN**



**UNRIVALED MEASUREMENT  
PERFORMANCE**

# InfiniteFocus G6

TRUSTED INNOVATION

## Future-proof technologies

Combining 3 technologies, the optical sensor sets new accuracy standards.



### AdvFV

**Advanced Focus-Variation** combines the functionalities of a roughness measuring instrument and a coordinate measuring machine. Users measure workpieces with steep flanks, varying reflections and structured roughness. The integrated **SmartFlash** technology ensures high-resolution measurement of smooth, reflective and highly polished surfaces.



### Real3D

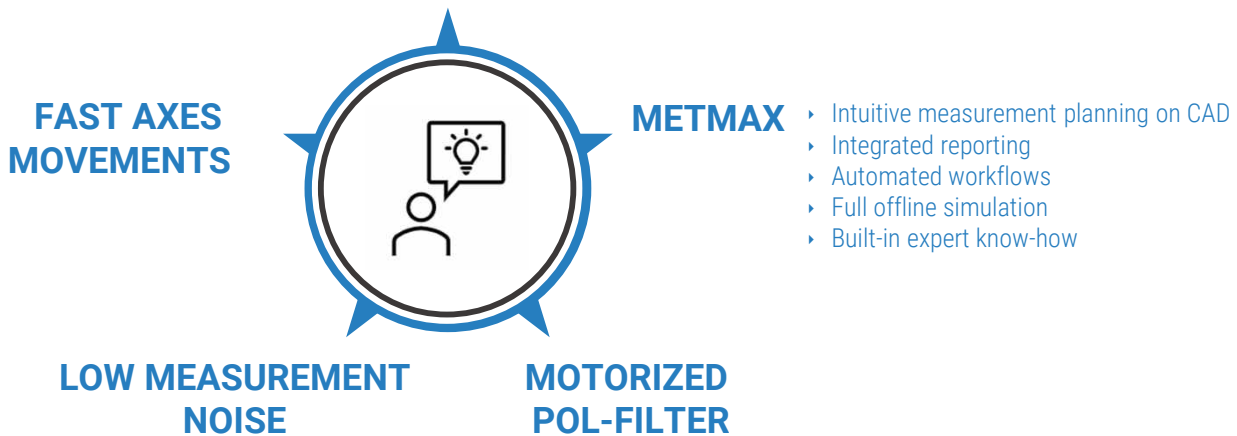
**Real3D** is the key for 360° measurement of complex micro-geometries. Based on single measurements from different directions, users obtain a complete 3D data set.



### VFP

**Vertical Focus Probing** enables the optical lateral probing of components. Users measure holes and vertical flanks (> 90°).

## FAST MEASUREMENT



## Groundbreaking user experience

InfiniteFocus is made for users, focusing on their requirements. It is all about speed, ease of use and efficient workflows.

- ▶ Fast axes and innovative optics with modern algorithms ensure short measurement times. Defined surface parameters are quickly measured, and 3D data is captured at high speed.
- ▶ The MetMaX software sets new standards in usability. Users specify measurements already on the CAD model of a component.

A digital twin combined with a virtual measurement simulation enables safe operation of the measuring instrument.

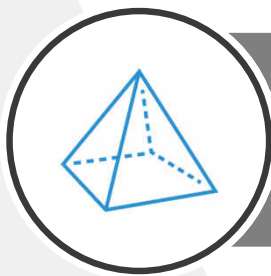
- ▶ Single-button solutions and automated measurement sequences ensure efficient workflows and measurements without user interaction.

# InfiniteFocus G6

TRUSTED INNOVATION

## Smart design

Thanks to its architecture, the measurement system offers high flexibility for operators. InfiniteFocus measures a wide range of components with only one sensor.



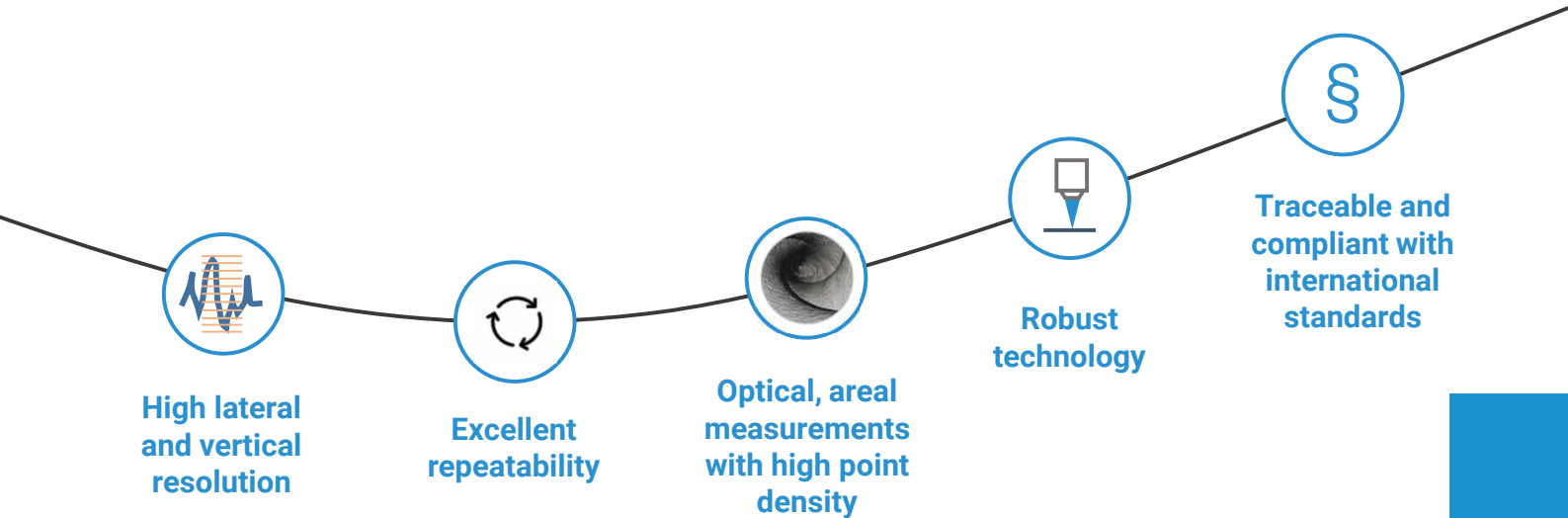
**Flexible: large and heavy samples**

**Production-ready: vibration insensitive**

**And it looks nice....**

- ▶ Components are measured regardless of size, material, geometry, weight and surface finish. This is, among others, made possible by a large measurement volume.
- ▶ The expansion from 3 to 5 axes allows measurements of geometries that are otherwise difficult or impossible to access. High-precision tilting and rotating axes enable the measurement of GD&T and roughness parameters on the entire object.
- ▶ InfiniteFocus is ideal for manufacturing. The robust Focus-Variation technology and the vibration-insensitive design ensure high-resolution and repeatable results, even directly next to the machine tool.
- ▶ Modern manufacturing strategies further benefit from automation solutions, interconnectivity with production machines, IT systems and integrated closed-loop processes.





## Unrivaled measurement performance

A number of factors determine the quality and reliability of measurements. InfiniteFocus stands for:

- High lateral and vertical resolution
- Excellent repeatability
- Optical, areal measurements
- High measuring point density
- Robust technology
- Traceability and conformity with international standards

# InfiniteFocus G6

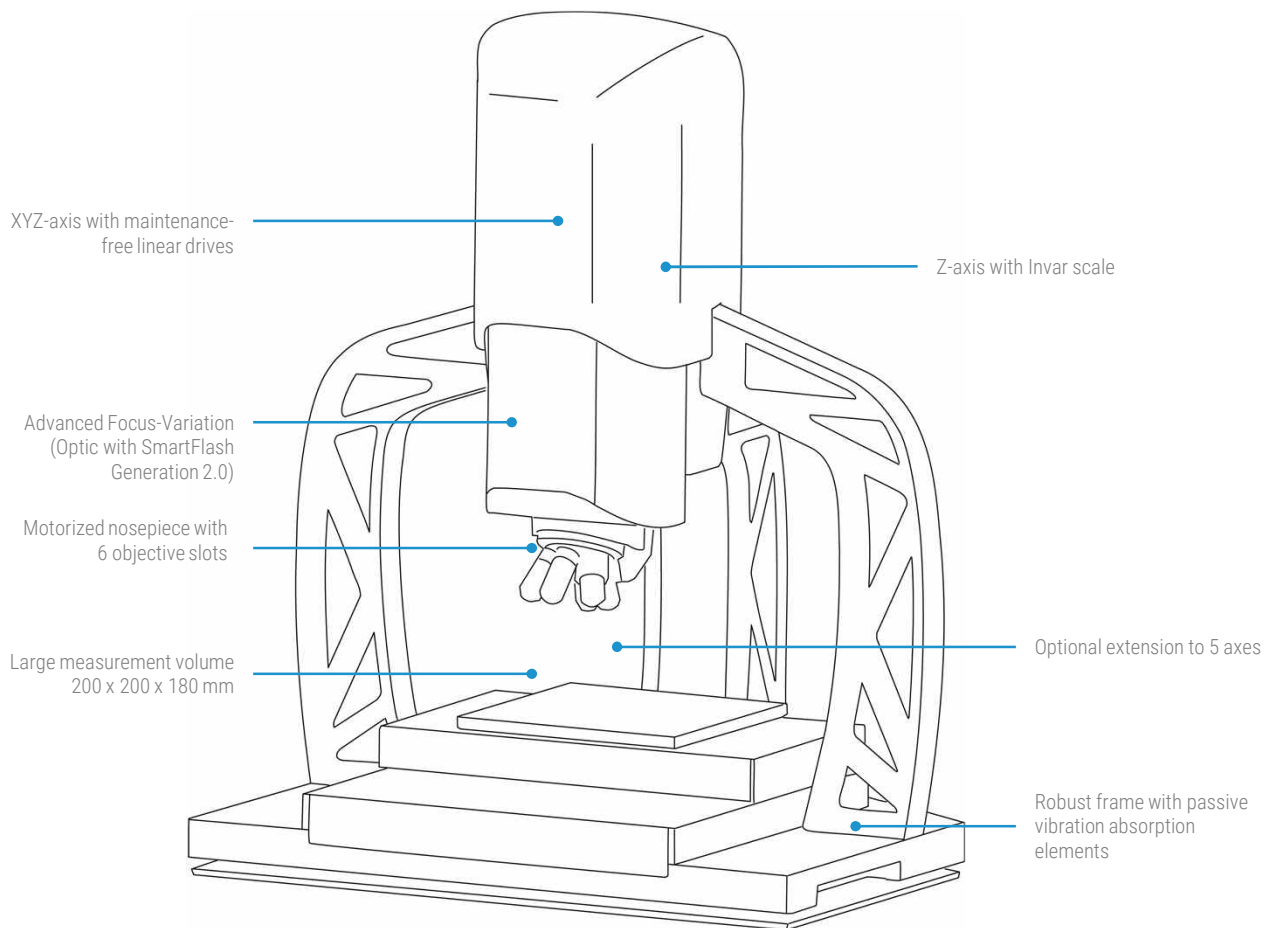
## Product Options

InfiniteFocus solution  
**InfiniteFocus G6**  
Travel range  
200 mm x 200 mm x 180 mm



Grip solution  
**AdvancedReal3DUnit**  
Motorized 360° endless rotation  
and motorized tilt

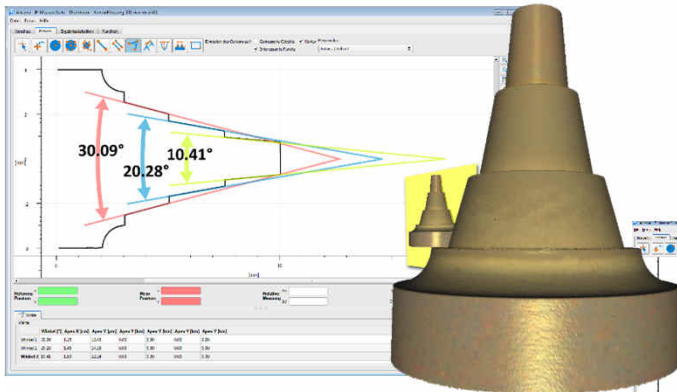
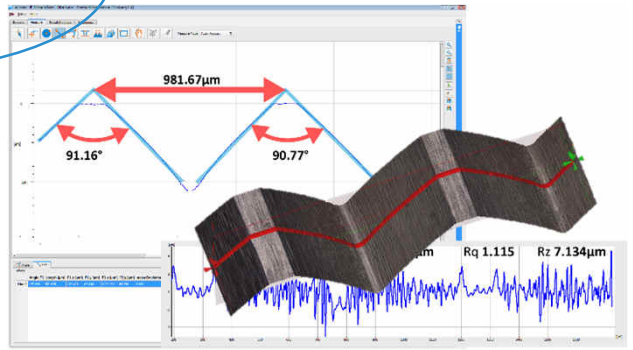
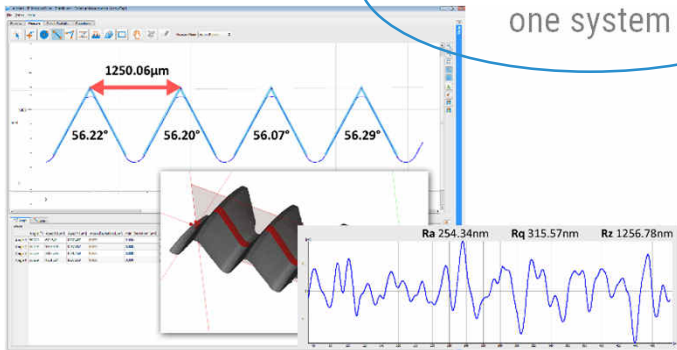
## InfiniteFocus G6 System Components



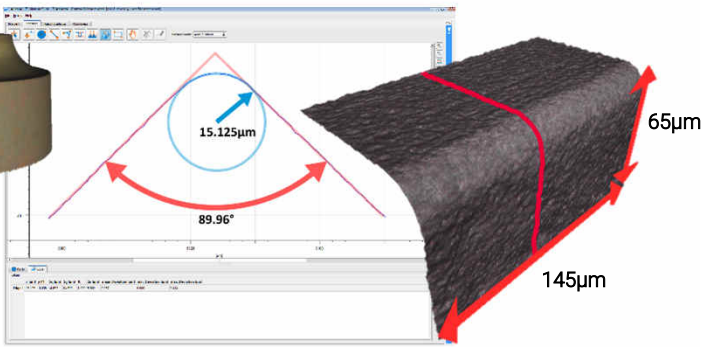
The Product

# What makes InfiniteFocus distinctive Features

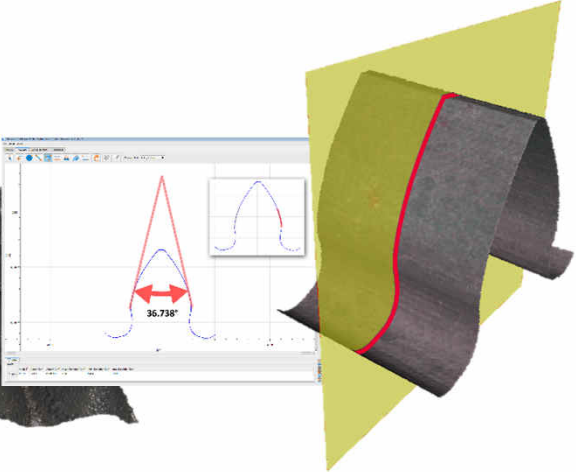
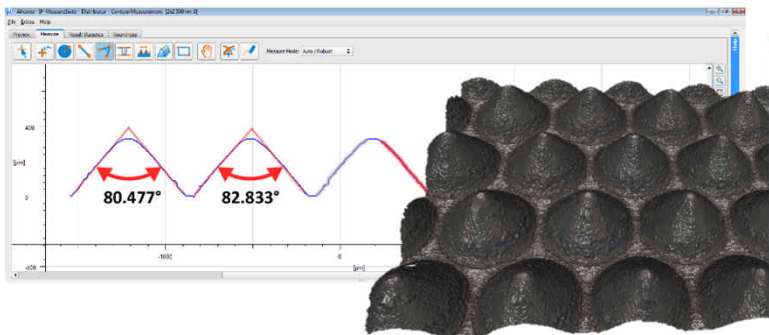
Form and roughness measurement with only one system



Traceable measurement of small and often hard-to-access radii and angles

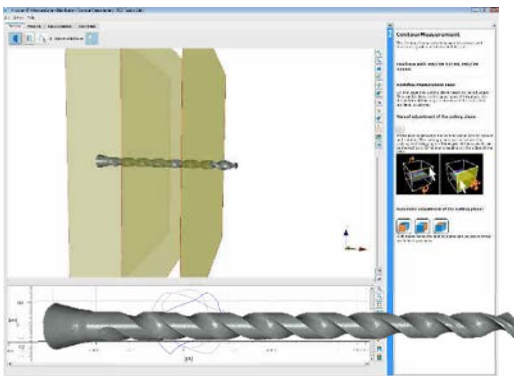
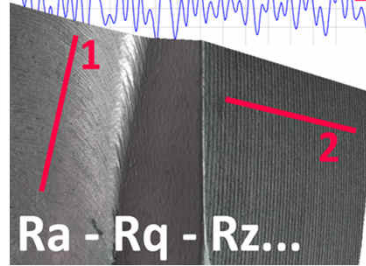
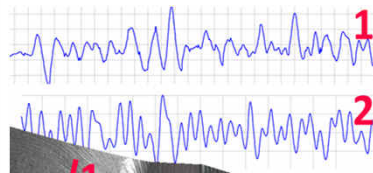
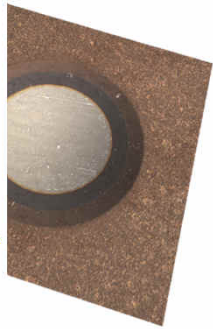
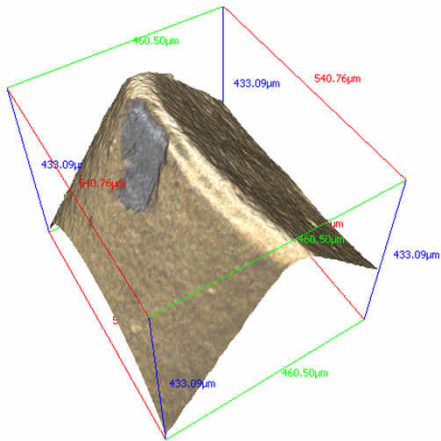


Measurement of steep flanks and other complex geometries

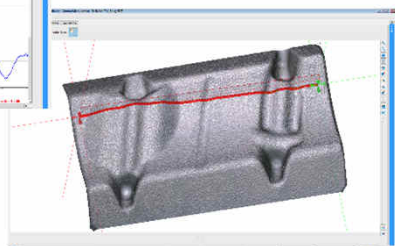
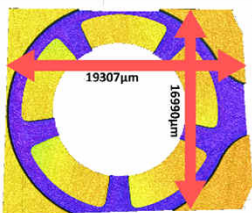
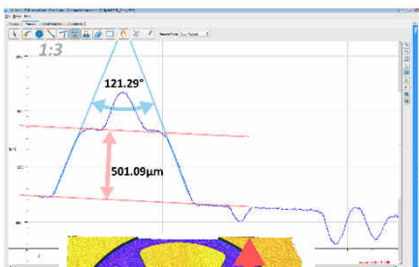
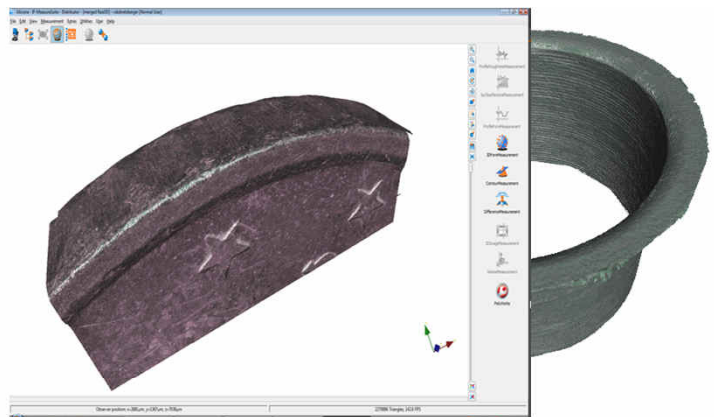


What makes InfiniteFocus distinctive  
Features

Measurement of components with varying surface finishes or coatings



Full form measurement with Real3D

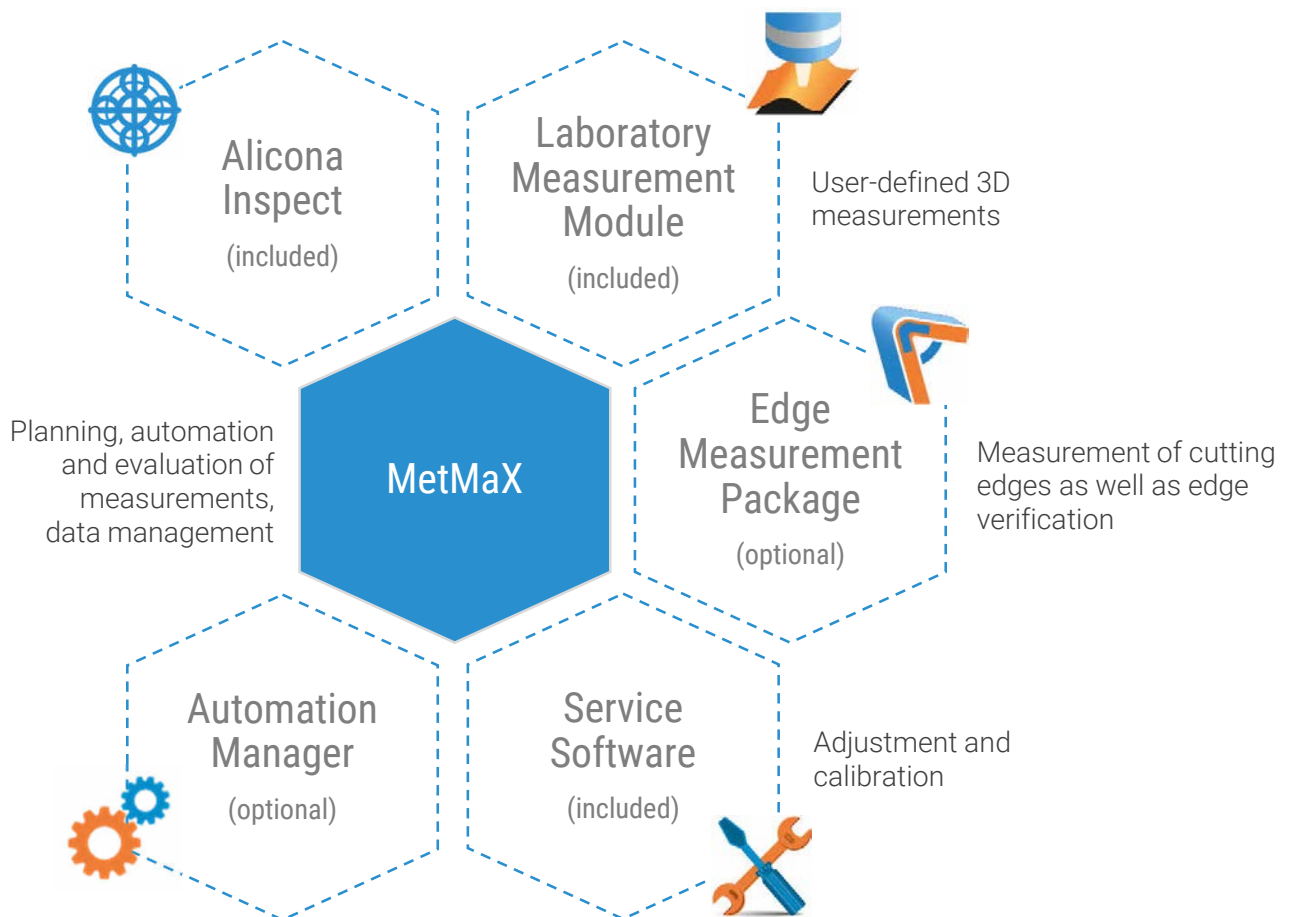


Measurement of form and roughness even on heavy and large components

The Product

# The Bruker Alicona Software Architecture

The figure below displays the structure of Alicona's software products. MetMaX, in which all measured 3D data is organized and evaluated, functions as the basis from which the user starts all other modules such as the LaboratoryMeasurementModule, the Edge Measurement Package and the ServiceSoftware.





# MetMaX

## Planning, automation and evaluation of measurements

All measurement modules included in MetMaX are designed by Alicona and optimally tailored to each other.

### Standard

ProfileRoughnessMeasurement  
SurfaceTextureMeasurement  
ProfileFormMeasurement  
VolumeMeasurement  
2DImageMeasurement  
Alicona Inspect

### Optional

ContourMeasurement  
MicroGearMeasurement  
3DFormMeasurement  
DifferenceMeasurement  
Real3DFusion  
Alicona Inspect Professional





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## Standard Measurement Modules

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ProfileRoughnessMeasurement  
SurfaceTextureMeasurement  
ProfileFormMeasurement  
VolumeMeasurement  
2DImageMeasurement  
Alicona Inspect

---

## Optional Measurement Modules

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3DFormMeasurement  
ContourMeasurement  
MicroGearMeasurement  
DifferenceMeasurement  
Real3DFusion  
Alicona Inspect Professional

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## Utilities

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Dataset reduction  
Dataset roughness removal  
Form removal  
Dataset conversion  
Real3DFusion  
Real3D Editor  
3D Editor

---

## Importing Functions

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### **CAD data**

STEP

### **Datasets**

STL, AL3D, AFM, D2, DAT, TXT LEI, PLU PNG, SDF, SMD,  
SUR, DFR, TIF, TFR, TRR, ZFR, ZRR, PTB XYZ, UB3, X3P,  
G3D

### **Optical Image**

PNG, BMP, TIF, TIFF, ICO, JPG, JPEG, PPM, XPM, XBM

## Also available as offline version

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### Exporting Functions

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#### **Datasets**

ALPRJ

#### **Optical Images/ 3D view**

PNG, BMP, TIF, TIFF, ICO, JPG, JPEG, PPM, XPM, XBM

#### **Depth Images**

PNG, BMP, TIF

#### **3D-Data points**

Plain text, VRML2.0, SUR, STL, OpenGPS X3P, G3D

#### **Object Properties**

TXT

---

### Supported Standards

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ISO 25178-6:2010, ISO 25178-606:2016

VIM ISO IEC:2007

ISO 4287:2010, ISO 4288:1998,

ISO 16610-1:2015, ISO 16610-20:2015, ISO 16610-21:2013

ISO 25178-2:2012

ISO 16610-61:2016, ISO 16610-71:2014

ISO 13565-2:1998

ASME B46.1:2009

ISO 1101:2017, ASME Y14.5:2009 (Alicona Inspect, Alicona  
Inspect Professional)

ISO 21771:2014, DIN 21772:2012, DIN 21773:2014,

DIN 3961:1978, DIN 3962-1,-2,-3:1978

DIN 3963:1978, ISO 1328-1:2013, VDI/VDE 2607:2000,

VDI/VDE 2612:2000, VDI/VDE 2613:2003

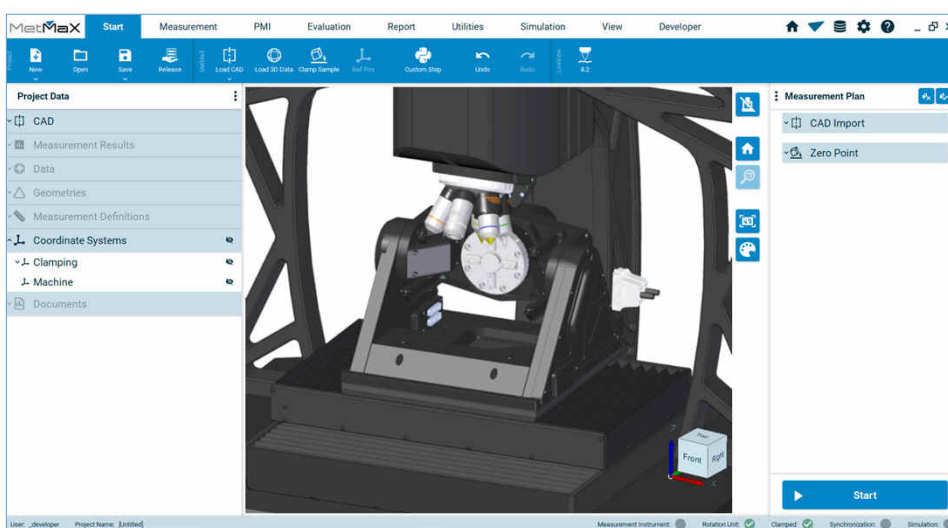
# Planning, automation and evaluation of measurements

From “How do I measure?” to “What do I measure?”

This is the core thinking behind MetMaX, the InfiniteFocus G6 operating software. Thanks to this evolution, users do not need any specific metrology knowledge to perform robust measurements with the optical measuring machine. MetMaX contains all the necessary knowledge on how to acquire and evaluate 3D data.

When the CAD data set for a component is uploaded, operators can use a simple mouse click to select which GD&T parameters to measure. MetMaX automatically configures the ideal measurement strategy for an optimized 3D measurement of the part. MetMaX software autonomously calculates probing directions, tilt, rotation angles and travel directions in XYZ. Before measurement starts, a virtual simulation ensures a collision-free measurement sequence. The measurement is started by the operator with a click of the mouse and is fully

automated. Once the 3D measurement is finished, data is automatically analyzed. If, for example, form deviations are to be verified, the InfiniteFocus G6 equipped with MetMaX software chooses which geometric form (cylinder, plane, sphere, etc.) must be fitted. The MetMaX reporting system gives an ok/not ok report which complies with the latest industry standards and can be configured according to user specifications.



A digital twin of your instrument shows the measurement situation in real time when you work with MetMaX.

## MetMaX algorithms possess optical metrology expert knowledge

MetMaX takes the InfiniteFocus G6 to a new level of metrological performance. Algorithms behind MetMaX are the result of our 20+ years of experience, knowledge and technological expertise in the field of optical measurement. Today, this knowledge offers the possibility to use a high-precision optical measuring system to improve production. Users no longer need to overthink their measurement strategy. MetMaX algorithms take care of this process for them. The InfiniteFocus G6 optical measuring system is not "only" a metrology device to measure complex geometries with high precision based on a robust areal measurement principle; it also is a planning and reporting measurement system. In combination with MetMaX operating software, we implemented our holistic

definition of a production-ready measuring system. It goes beyond the basic requirements of measuring process capabilities to define production suitability where the operator is included.

In our opinion, measuring systems must not only be able to measure components with the necessary accuracy, but also record and evaluate data at any time and independently of the knowledge or experience of the operator.

This combination enables monitoring processes at any stage during production or at different locations while - at the same time - giving the necessary flexibility to react swiftly and efficiently when components are not within the required specifications.

MetMaX

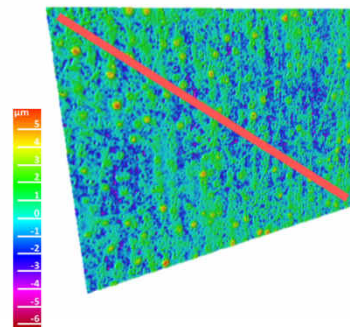
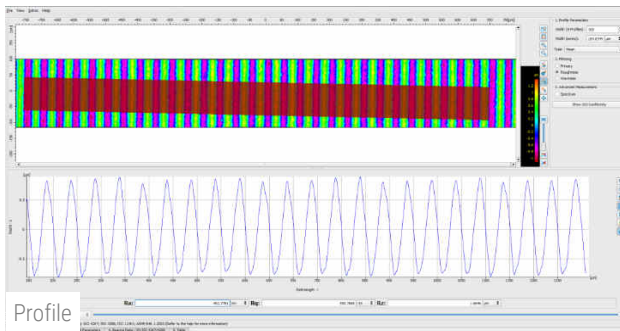
### KEY POINTS

- » Create and evaluate your measurement tasks **directly on the CAD** data of your sample. However, CAD samples are not a necessity - measurements can also be performed and evaluated without CAD
- » By recording your steps in a **measurement plan**, you can make procedures repeatable at any time and thus **automate** them with just a few clicks.
- » **Collisions** are automatically detected and can be resolved in advance thanks to offline simulation.
- » **Measurement reporting** is flexible in configuration and easy to automate.
- » Store and **organize** your measured data in a structured database.
- » Start all Alicona software modules from MetMaX. Retrieve previous measurements and pass them on to available measurement modules for evaluation.
- » Export and import existing data sets.

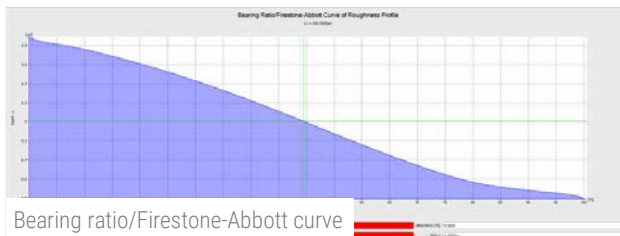
# Standard Measurement Modules

## Profile Roughness Measurement: Profile based roughness measurement

This measurement module allows measuring roughness and waviness values of the extracted profile according to ISO 4287, 4288. Statistical evaluations and bearing ratio curve or spectral analysis are graphically visualized.



Roughness profile parameters



Bearing ratio/Firestone-Abbott curve

### TYPICAL ROUGHNESS PROFILE PARAMETERS

Ra, Rq, Rt, Rz

Calculation of average roughness (based on multiple profiles) possible as well

### MATERIAL RATIO PARAMETERS

**Rk** core roughness depth, height of the core material

**Rpk** reduced peak height, mean height of the peaks above the core material

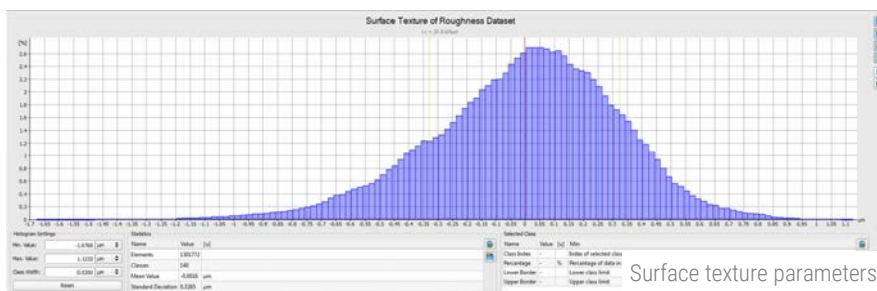
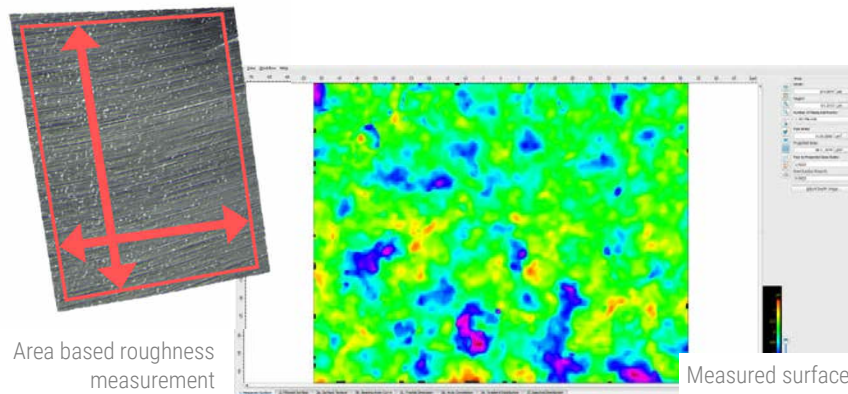
**Rvk** reduced valley height, mean depth of the valleys below the core material

**Rmr1** peak material component, the fraction of the surface which consists of peaks above the core material

**Rmr2** peak material component, the fraction of the surface which will carry the load

## Surface Texture Measurement: Area based roughness measurement

Instead of measuring the roughness of a single profile only, this module allows area based roughness measurement according to ISO 25178, ISO 12781-1 and ASME B46. Statistics include bearing area curve, fractal dimension, autocorrelation, gradient distribution, local homogeneity and spectral distribution. A specially designed filter allows form removal to verify roughness on large measurement fields.

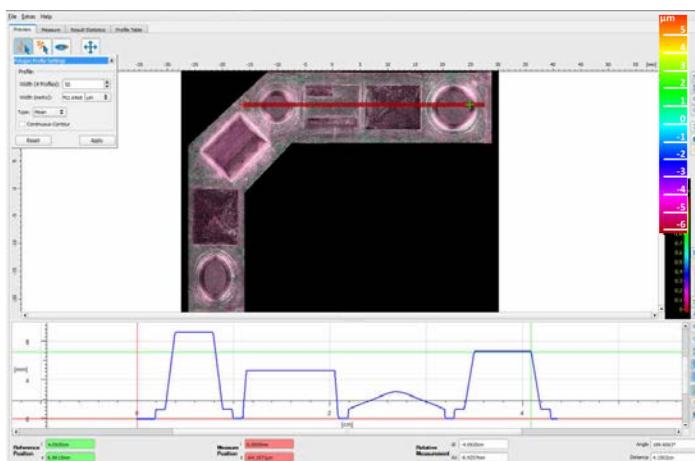


### TYPICAL SURFACE TEXTURE PARAMETERS

Sa, Sq, Sp, Sv, Sz

## Profile Form Measurement: Form measurement along a user defined profile

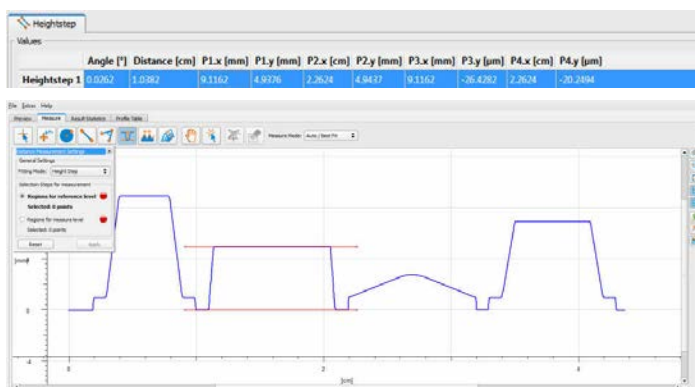
This module allows form measurement along a user defined profile according to ISO 5436. Radii, angles, height steps and normal distances are measured automatically or manually. In addition, the profile form measurement enables the verification of surface parameters such as circumscribed and inscribed circles plus a series of further thread parameters. Users also perform cutting edge measurements and measure radii, basket arch form – both “waterfall” and “trumpet” – wedge angle and bevel lengths.



User-defined profile on a surface with calibration elements

### AVAILABLE MEASUREMENTS

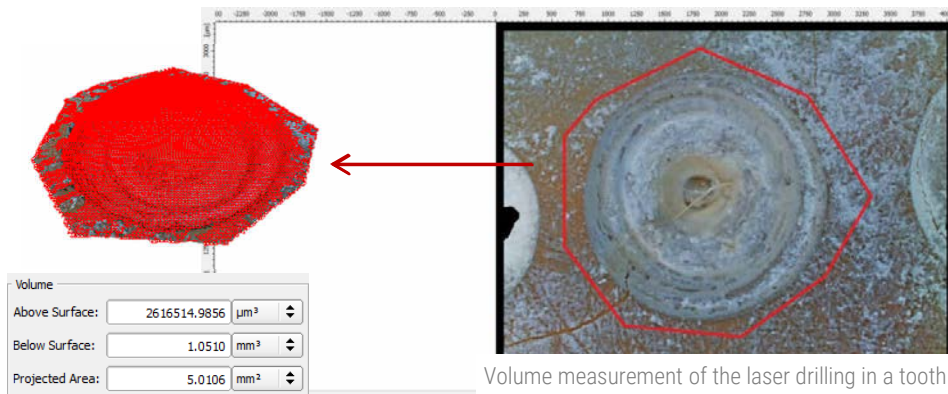
point, circle, line, angle, height  
step, thread information, edge,  
roundness



Measurement of a height step

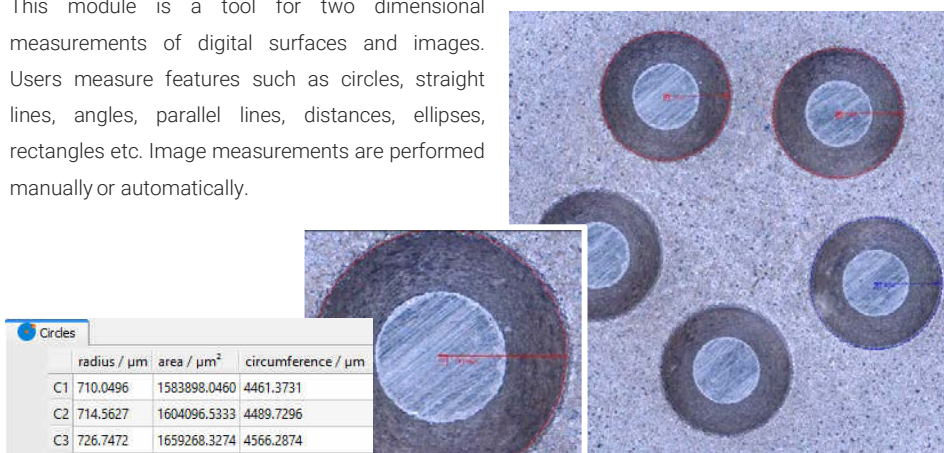
## Volume Measurement: Quantification of pits and peaks

With the volume measurement module users measure the volume of a defined area or the whole object. It allows to measure the volume of voids or protrusions in an intuitive manner. The easy positioning of cutting layers or cutting surfaces provides a universal tool.



## 2D Image Measurement: Evaluation of 2D geometries

This module is a tool for two dimensional measurements of digital surfaces and images. Users measure features such as circles, straight lines, angles, parallel lines, distances, ellipses, rectangles etc. Image measurements are performed manually or automatically.



Measurement/Comparison of four radii (object: spherical calibration tool)

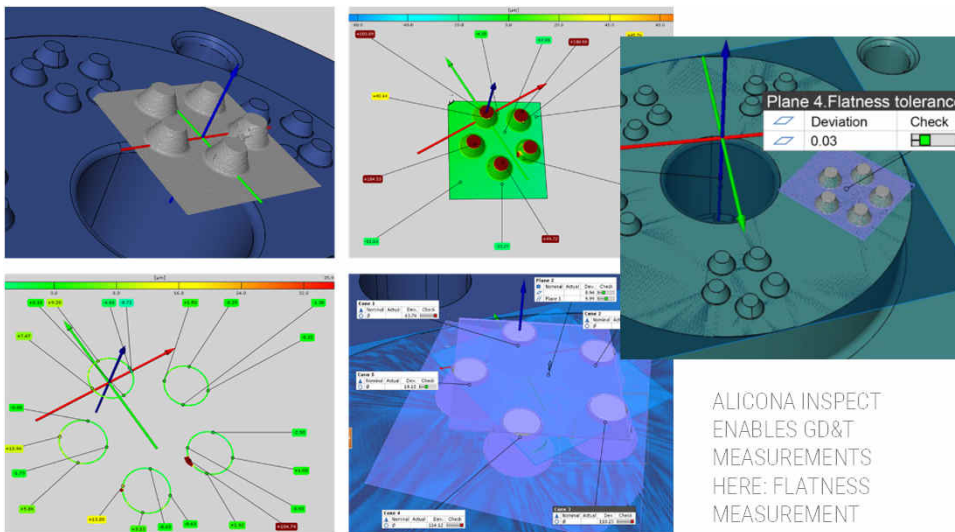


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## Alicona Inspect: Measurement of surface geometries and GD&T

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Alicona Inspect is a 3D inspection software to evaluate surface geometries and automate measurement processes. Dimensions are verified fast and easily. Users examine surfaces by using sections, surface comparisons or GD&T in accordance with ISO 1101 and ASME Y14.5. Trend analyses show how dimensions change in the course of producing several components and thus allow statistical process control. User-defined measurement reports enable an individual compilation of documentation including snapshots, images, charts and texts.



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## Alicona Inspect Professional Optional module

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In addition to the free version, Alicona offers a version with advanced functionalities:

- Automated analysis via integrated macro recorder and scripting language
- Trend analysis and statistical process control
- Traceability of construction and analysis with parametric inspection
- CAD import of native formats (CATIA, UG, Pro/E)



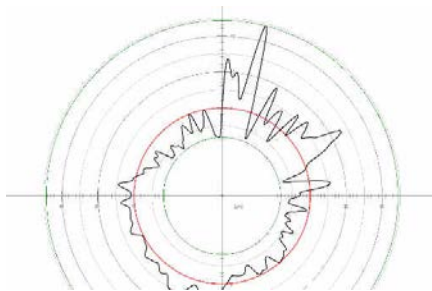
# Optional Measurement Modules

## Contour Measurement: Analysis of even complex profiles

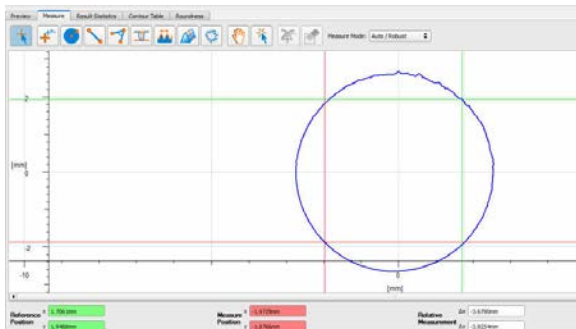
Contour measurement allows the extraction of a profile on the basis of a cutting plane, helix, and polyline. In a further measurement step users measure angles, distances, circles, incircles, circumcircles, thread pitch etc. from every position. Roundness measurement is included in the contour measurement module as well.



Automatic alignment of the cutting plane



Users select an area and measure the deviations of the shape to a circle



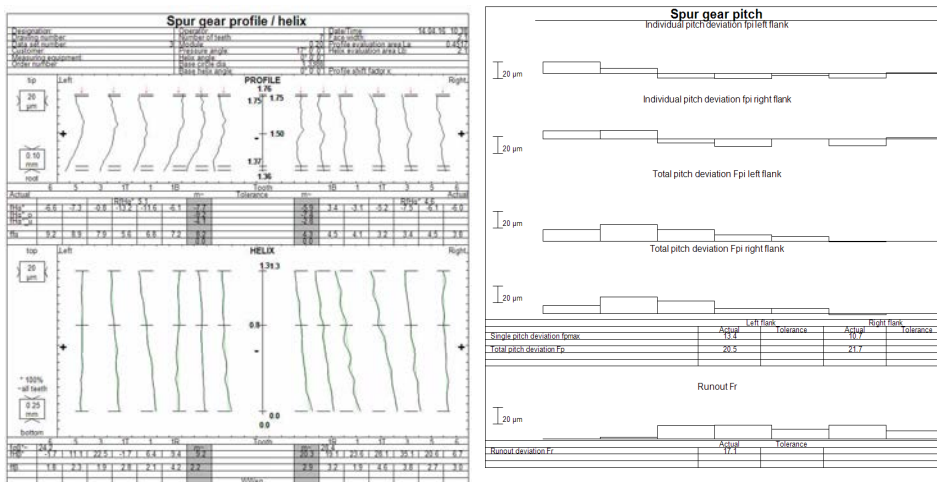
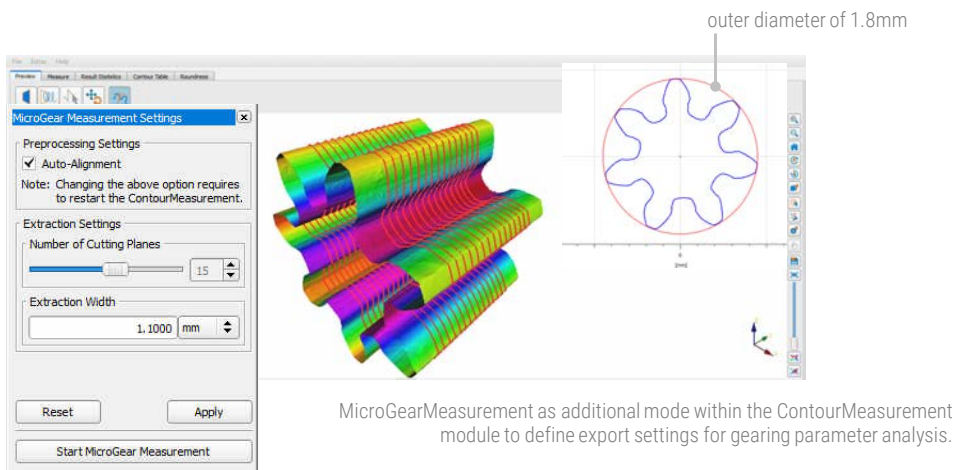
Measured contour

### TYPICAL PARAMETERS

<b>RONa</b>	mean of the absolute radial deviation to a least squares circle
<b>RONq</b>	root-mean-square roundness deviation
<b>RONt</b>	maximum peak to valley roundness deviation
<b>RONp</b>	maximum peak to reference roundness deviation
<b>RONv</b>	maximum reference to valley roundness deviation

## MicroGearMeasurement: Complete detection of every single tooth

MicroGearMeasurement combines Alicona's repeatable and high-resolution optical 3D metrology with Renco's REANY software specialized in standardized gear inspection. It enables robust areal measurement of full teeth and thus an evaluation according to VDI/VDE, ISO as well as quality assessment according to DIN. A complete detection of every single tooth with a module of more than 0.05mm and an unlimited number of teeth is possible. MicroGearMeasurement offers fast and repeatable results as well as a great variety of parameters.



Inspection record including profile and helix deviations as well as pitch curve and runout

### 3D Form Measurement: Measurement of flat and curved components

This module enables users to measure regular geometries and curved surfaces. Automatic fitting of spheres, cones and cylinders allow the visualization and form measurement of tools and other components. Deviations of a 3D dataset from a target geometry become apparent.

Allows to measure geometric forms within the dataset

Measure cylinder, sphere, plane or cone

Index	Visible	Azimuth [°]	Zenith [°]	Opening Angle [°]	mean Deviation [µm]	min. Deviation [µm]	max. Deviation [µm]	Apexx [µm]	Apexy [µm]	Apexz [mm]	Axisx [cm]	Axisy [mm]	Axisz [dm]
Cone.1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	37.4769	2.3617	74.1091	182.1741	-19.7478	742.9852	67.5168	-19.9903	-2.2727	-2.9975	22.9598	9.9029
Cone.2	<input type="checkbox"/>	43.9160	0.4154	161.4202	34.2345	-55.3796	184.4562	52.9256	47.0038	-0.2304	-0.5726	-5.5134	9.9997
Cone.3	<input type="checkbox"/>	53.3009	0.0389	178.4793	31.8281	-286.5465	16.3125	43.4053	80.8947	0.0296	-0.0406	-0.5443	-10.0000

### Difference Measurement: Verification of form deviation

Difference measurement is used to numerically compare two different geometries. A typical application is the measurement of wear before and after use of a cutting tool. Users measure form deviations to a CAD dataset or reference geometry. Several modes visualize the differences between the two datasets. This module is also used in the field of reverse engineering.

#### TYPICAL PARAMETERS

Dth	set tolerance for defect detection
Dneg	max. deviation below reference surface
Dpos	max. deviation above reference surface

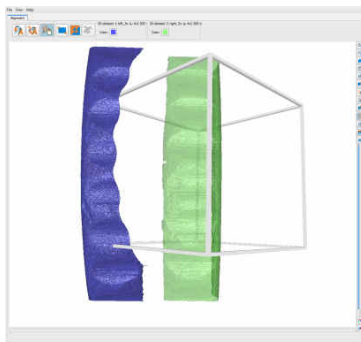
Users determine how much and where one dataset differs from another dataset (left: comparison of a new cutting tool with a worn one).

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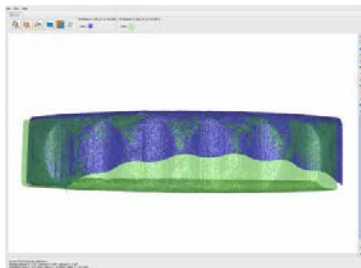
## Real3DFusion: Automatic merging of single measurements

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Individual measurements from various positions are automatically merged into a 3D dataset. The Real3D technology allows the visualization of the component from different angles plus a measurement of contour, difference and form.



Alignment of datasets in order to receive significant results.



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### AVAILABLE ALIGNMENT OPTIONS

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- Coarse Alignment
  - 3(n) Point Alignment
  - Automatic Alignment
  - Manual Alignment
- 



# Profile Roughness Parameters

PARAMETERS OF ROUGHNESS PROFILE		PARAMETERS OF PRIMARY PROFILE		PARAMETERS OF WAVINESS PROFILE	
<b>Ra</b>	average roughness of profile	<b>Pa</b>	average height of profile	<b>Wa</b>	average waviness of profile
<b>Rq</b>	root-mean-square roughness of profile	<b>Pq</b>	root-mean-square height of profile	<b>Wq</b>	root-mean-square waviness of profile
<b>Rt</b>	maximum peak to valley height of roughness profile	<b>Pt</b>	maximum peak to valley height of primary profile	<b>Wt</b>	maximum peak to valley height of waviness profile
<b>Rz</b>	mean peak to valley height of roughness profile	<b>Pz</b>	maximum peak to valley height of primary profile	<b>Wz</b>	mean peak to valley height of waviness profile
<b>Rmax</b>	maximum peak to valley height of roughness profile within a sampling length	<b>Pmax</b>	maximum peak to valley height of primary profile within sampling length	<b>Wmax</b>	maximum peak to valley height of waviness profile within sampling length
<b>Rp</b>	maximum peak height of roughness profile	<b>Pp</b>	maximum peak height of primary profile	<b>Wp</b>	maximum peak height of waviness profile
<b>Rv</b>	maximum valley height of roughness profile	<b>Pv</b>	maximum valley height of primary profile	<b>Wv</b>	maximum valley height of waviness profile
<b>Rc</b>	mean height of profile irregularities of roughness profile	<b>Pc</b>	mean height of profile irregularities of primary profile	<b>Wc</b>	mean height of profile irregularities of waviness profile
<b>Rsm</b>	mean spacing of profile irregularities of roughness profile	<b>Psm</b>	mean spacing of profile irregularities of primary profile	<b>Wsm</b>	mean spacing of profile irregularities of waviness profile
<b>Rsk</b>	skewness of roughness profile	<b>Psk</b>	skewness of primary profile	<b>Wsk</b>	skewness of waviness profile
<b>Rku</b>	kurtosis of roughness profile	<b>Pku</b>	kurtosis of primary profile	<b>Wku</b>	kurtosis of waviness profile
<b>Rdq</b>	root-mean-square slope of roughness profile	<b>Pdq</b>	root-mean-square slope of primary profile	<b>Wdq</b>	root-mean-square slope of waviness profile
<b>Rt/Rz</b>	extreme scratch/peak value of roughness profile, ( $\geq 1$ ), higher values represent larger scratches/peaks	<b>Pt/Pz</b>	extreme scratch/peak value of primary profile, ( $\geq 1$ ), higher values represent larger scratches/peaks	<b>Wt/Wz</b>	extreme scratch/peak value of primary profile, ( $\geq 1$ ), higher values represent larger scratches/peaks

## PARAMETERS: BEARING RATIO

<b>Rk/ Pk/ Wk</b>	core roughness depth, height of the core material
<b>Rpk/ Ppk/ Wpk</b>	reduced peak height, mean height of the peaks above the core material
<b>Rvk/ Pvk/ Wvk</b>	reduced valley height, mean depth of the valleys below the core material
<b>Rmr1/ Pmr1/ Wmr1</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which consists of peaks above the core material
<b>Rmr2/ Pmr2/ Wmr2</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which will carry the load

# Surface Texture Parameters

<b>Sa</b>	average height of selected area
<b>Sq</b>	root-mean-square height of selected area
<b>Sp</b>	maximum peak height of selected area
<b>Sv</b>	maximum valley depth of selected area
<b>Sz</b>	maximum height of selected area
<b>Sz10</b>	ten point height of selected area
<b>Ssk</b>	skewness of selected area
<b>Sku</b>	kurtosis of selected area
<b>Sdq</b>	root-mean-square gradient
<b>Sdr</b>	developed interfacial area ratio
<b>FLTt</b>	flatness using least squares reference plane

PARAMETERS: BEARING AREA CURVE	
<b>Sk</b>	core roughness depth, height of the core material
<b>Spk</b>	reduced peak height, mean height of the peaks above the core material
<b>Svk</b>	reduced valley height, mean depth of the valleys below the core material
<b>Srm1</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which consists of peaks above the core material
<b>Srm2</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which will carry the load
<b>Vmp</b>	peak material volume of the topographic surface (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Vmc</b>	core material volume of the topographic surface (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Vvc</b>	core void volume of the surface (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Vvv</b>	valley void volume of the surface (ml/m <sup>2</sup> )
<b>Vvc/ Vmc</b>	ratio of Vvc parameter to Vmc parameter

AUTO CORRELATION PARAMETERS
<b>Sal/ Str/ Std/ Stdi/ angle</b>

## GRADIENT DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

<b>Slope of Maximum</b>	slope of most frequent gradient
<b>Angle X/Y of Maximum</b>	angle in X/Y plane of most frequent gradient
<b>Percentage of Maximum</b>	percentage of most frequent gradient
<b>Discretization Slope</b>	slope range of one measure point
<b>Discretization Angle</b>	angle range of one measure point

## Difference Measurement Parameters

<b>Dth</b>	set tolerance for defect detection
<b>Dneg</b>	max. deviation below reference surface
<b>Dpos</b>	max. deviation above reference surface
<b>Dmean</b>	mean deviation
<b>Vp</b>	volume of peaks above reference surface
<b>Vv</b>	volume of valleys below reference surface
<b>Vdp</b>	volume of peak defects extending above tolerance
<b>Vdv</b>	volume of valley defects extending below tolerance

<b>Aproj</b>	projected area of sample
<b>Adp</b>	projected area of peaks above tolerance
<b>Adv</b>	projected area of valleys below tolerance
<b>Pc</b>	coverage percentage (area within tolerance)
<b>SIMcd</b>	greatest depth of defects (ISO 8785)
<b>SIMch</b>	greatest height of defects (ISO 8785)
<b>SIMt</b>	whole area of defects (ISO 8785)

## Micro Gear Measurement Parameters

<b>fHa*</b>	profile slope deviation in the defined measurement plane
<b>fHa*_t</b>	profile slope deviation tip
<b>fHa*_r</b>	profile slope deviation root
<b>ffa</b>	profile form deviation in the defined measurement plane
<b>RfHa*</b>	difference between mean value of all profile slope deviations tip and mean value of all profile slope deviations root
<b>fHβ*</b>	helix slope deviation in the defined measurement height

<b>ffβ</b>	helix form deviation in the defined measurement height
<b>fσβ**</b>	range of helix slope deviation in the defined measurement height: difference between highest and lowest value
<b>m~</b>	parameter mean value (respective row)
<b>fp</b>	single pitch deviation in the defined measurement plane
<b>Fp</b>	total pitch deviation in the defined measurement plane
<b>Fr</b>	runout (error) in the defined measurement plane

# *Laboratory Measurement Module*

User-defined  
3D measurements

## **Standard**

SingleField  
ImageField  
Automation

## **Optional**

Remoting Interface  
Real3D Measurement



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## General

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### LiveView

Large window for magnified image of the sample and user-friendly interface

### Interface to evaluation software MetMaX

Measured 3D datasets are automatically exported to MetMaX for further evaluation (e.g. roughness, form, wear, difference measurement)

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## Measurement Modes

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### SingleField

Measurement of 3D datasets within one field of view

### ImageField Measurement (up to 500 million measurement points)

Measurement of large areas

### Vertical Focus Probing

Measurement of flanks over 90°

### Region of Interest (ROI)

Measurement of the user-defined ROI without the need to measure the entire field of view

### 2D Measurement

Measurement of objects in 2D

### X-Large ImageField

Measurement of very large ImageFields with low resolution overview and high resolution single 3D dataset information

### AutoRange Estimation

Speeds up ImageField and Real3D measurements by performing a rough measurement for automatic estimation of the ideal scan range

### Automation

Scripting language for automation of 3D measurements and various analysis possibilities (e.g. roughness/ form/ wear measurement) and simple graphical user interface

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## Optional Measurement Modes

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**Real3D Measurement (up to 10 million measurement points)** Full form measurement (360°) through extension of 3-axes- to 5-axes-system

### Color Functionality

Provides color information of surfaces in addition to depth information

### Remoting

Remote control of an Alicona measurement device with an external interface (C++, ...), compatible with LabViewFramework

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## Supported Standards

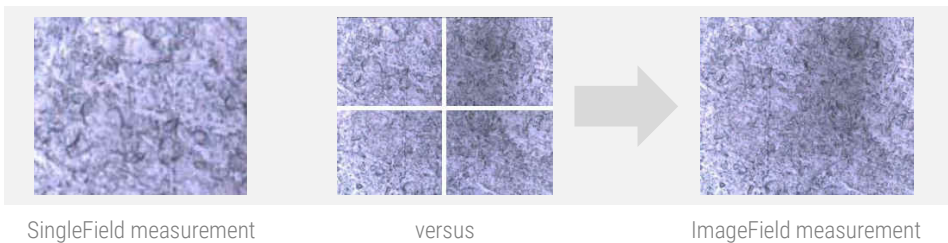
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ISO 25178-6:2010, ISO 25178-606:2016  
VIM ISO IEC:2007  
ISO 4287:2010, ISO 4288:1998,  
ISO 16610-1:2015, ISO 16610-20:2015, ISO 16610-21:2013  
ISO 25178-2:2012  
ISO 16610-61:2016, ISO 16610-71:2014  
ISO 13565-2:1998  
ASME B46.1:2009

# User-defined 3D measurements

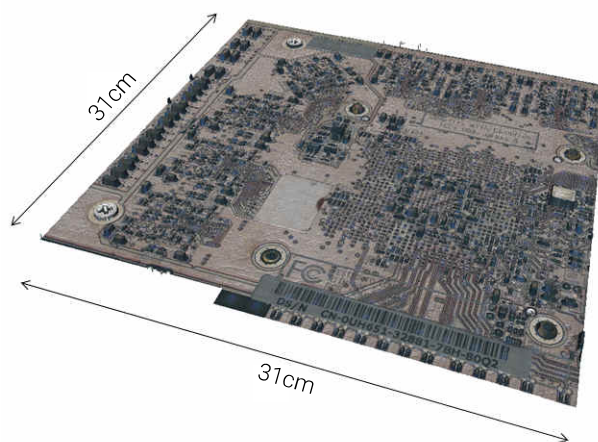
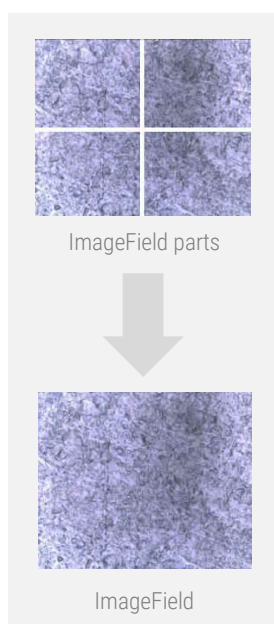
## SingleField

With the SingleField mode, users measure a sample or a certain position on the sample to be observed without movement in x and y direction (as displayed in the LiveView).



## ImageField: Large measurement areas

In order to measure areas that are larger than the actual field of view, the so-called „ImageField“ functionality can be applied. It enables the measurement of areas up to 20 x 20 cm. Also, single 3D datasets of an X-Large ImageField (up to hundreds of gigabytes) can be analyzed individually. This guarantees high resolution dataset information and a low resolution overview.



3D measurements of very large areas with "ImageField" functionality

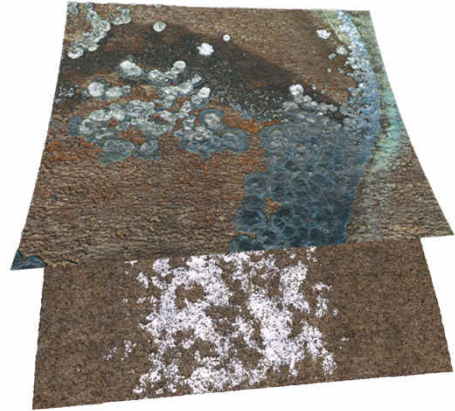
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## Color Functionality

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Alicona's Focus-Variation provides true color information of surfaces in addition to depth information. Users receive a color image with full depth of field which is registered to the 3D points.

Surface textures  
displayed in true color

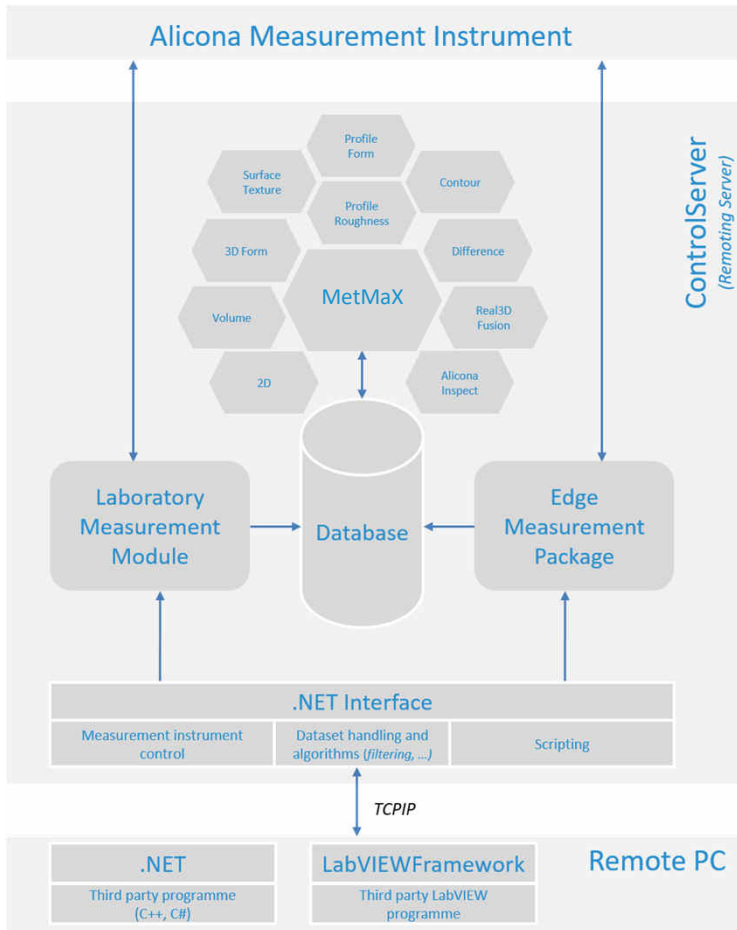


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## Automation

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Scripting language for automation of 3D measurements and various analysis possibilities such as roughness, form and wear measurement, for example.



## Remoting Interface

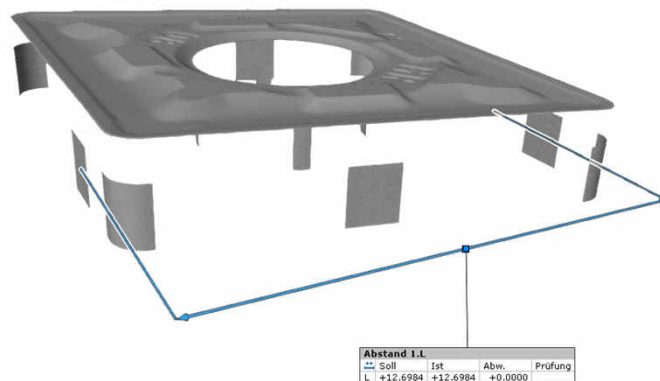
Remote control of the Alicona measurement device from another PC via a .NET Remoting Interface (e.g. LabVIEW, C++, ...).

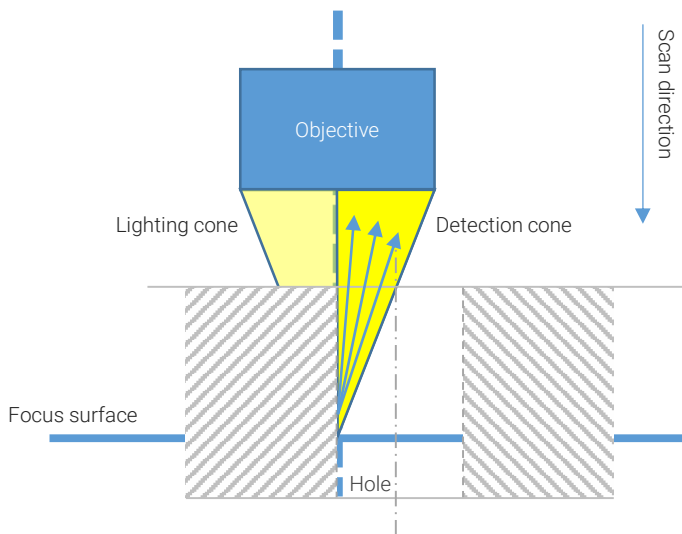
RemotingInterface in connection with other parts of the software and hardware.

# Vertical Focus Probing

Robust, accurate and non-contact measuring of flanks over 90°

So far, geometries such as the bore holes of e.g. injection valves in the automotive industry could hardly be measured optically. Lateral probing of components with vertical surfaces was limited to tactile measuring systems, CT solutions or complex special solutions. With the function of the new optical measuring system G6, vertical surfaces of more than 90° can now also be measured optically. Component features such as holes, bores, reference surfaces, contours, lengths etc. can thus be optically measured with high accuracy, high resolution and short measurement times.





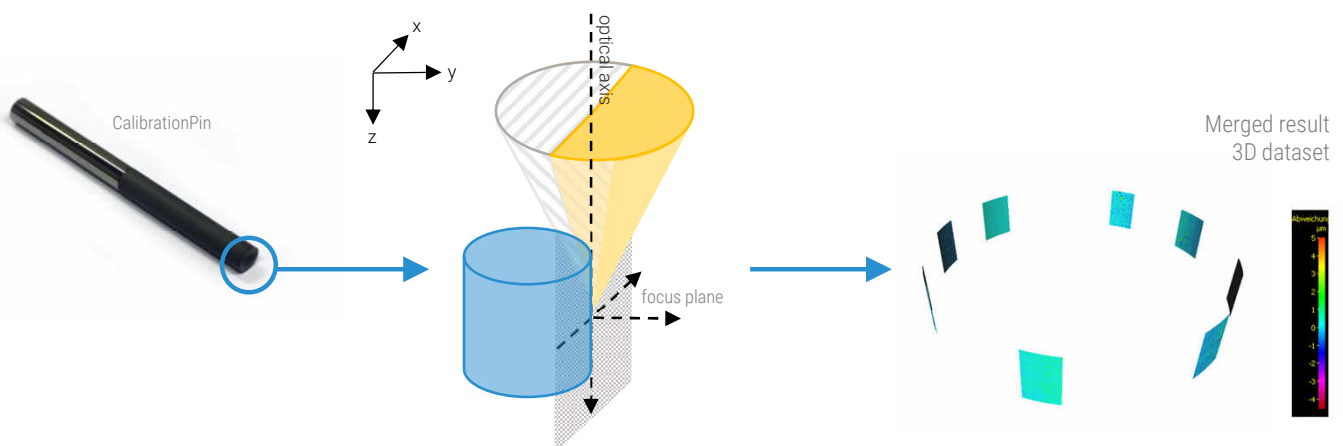
## Measurement Principle

The new method 'Vertical Focus Probing' is an extension of the focus variation and is based on the use of a partial light cone. Individual light rays that are diffusely reflected from vertical surfaces get captured by the lens. Flanks with more than 90° can be measured traceably, repeatably and with high-resolution. Vertical flanks measured in this way can be used, for example, for fitting of a workpiece coordinate system.

## Sample Application: CalibrationPin Measurement

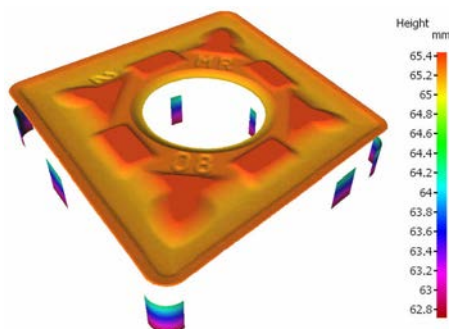
Example showing a 3D measurement of a calibrated pin. The pin was positioned at a 90° angle, which corresponds to being parallel to the optical axis. Vertical Focus Probing measures the walls by lateral, contact-less probing, and the distance between these area-based measurements. This means it allows the direct measurement of distances between two side walls without requiring any rotation of the pin.

The resulting dataset consists of 8 single measurements around the circumference of the pin, which are fused together in a 3D dataset.

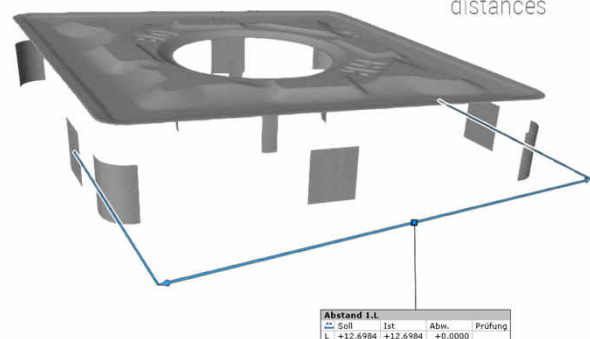


## Sample Application: Distance Measurement

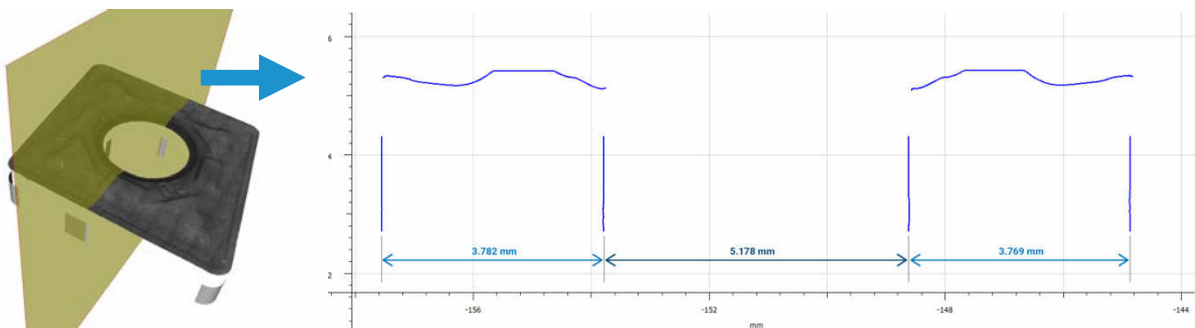
Measurement of a reference surface and adjacent flanks in a shared coordinate system



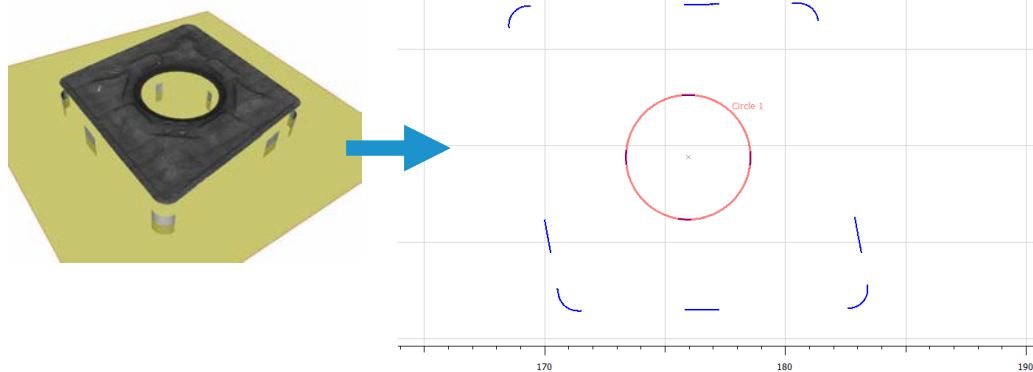
Simple and fast measuring of distances



Vertical cutting plane and resulting extracted profile



Horizontal cutting plane and resulting extracted profile



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## Sample Application: Hole Measurement

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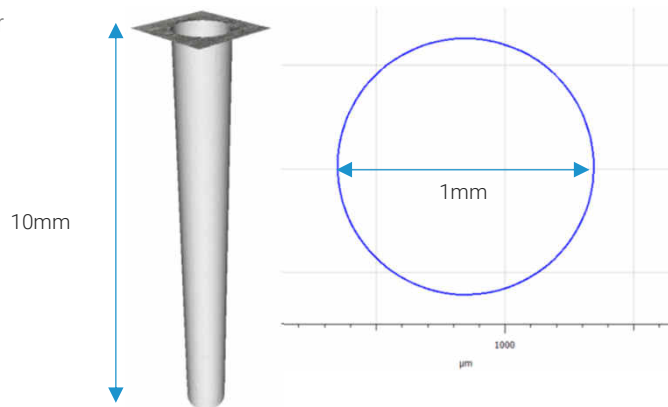
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### Optical hole measurement becomes possible

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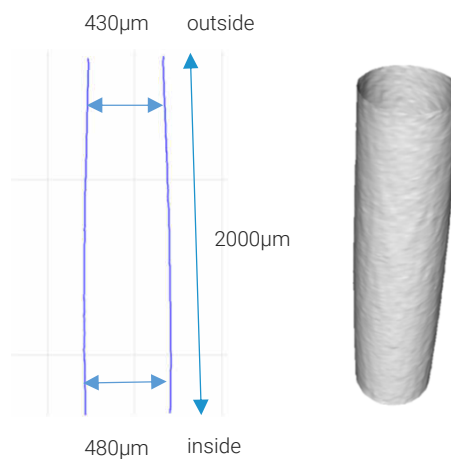
Using the new measuring method 'Vertical Focus Probing', holes can now also be measured purely optically. The diameter-depth ratio of holes ranges from 1:3 to 1:10, the measurable diameter is 0.1mm to 2mm. Users measure parameters such as outside and inside diameter and opening angle.

Hole with large diameter to depth ratio



Diameter: Depth = 1:10

Hole with diameter increasing towards the inside





# Technical Specifications of Hole Measurement

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## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

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### Measurement of holes with

- » Diameter to depth ratio of up to 1:10 (depending on objective)
- » Diameters ranging from 0.1mm to 2mm (smaller diameters on request)
- » Opening angles to the inside of up to ~10 degrees

Objectives	Min. diameter (*)	Max. diameter	Max. depth (**)	Diameter/ Depth-Ratio (**)
800 WD17	0.34mm	1.0mm	10mm	1:10
400 WD19	0.17mm	0.5mm	3.5mm	1:7
150 WD11	0.065mm	0.2mm	0.8mm	1:4

(\*) Smaller diameters on request (\*\*) Depending on sample

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## MEASURABLE PARAMETERS

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### Geometry of a single hole

- » Hole inlet diameter
- » Hole outlet diameter
- » K factor
- » Diameter change along the hole
- » Opening angle

### Geometry of holes in relation to each other

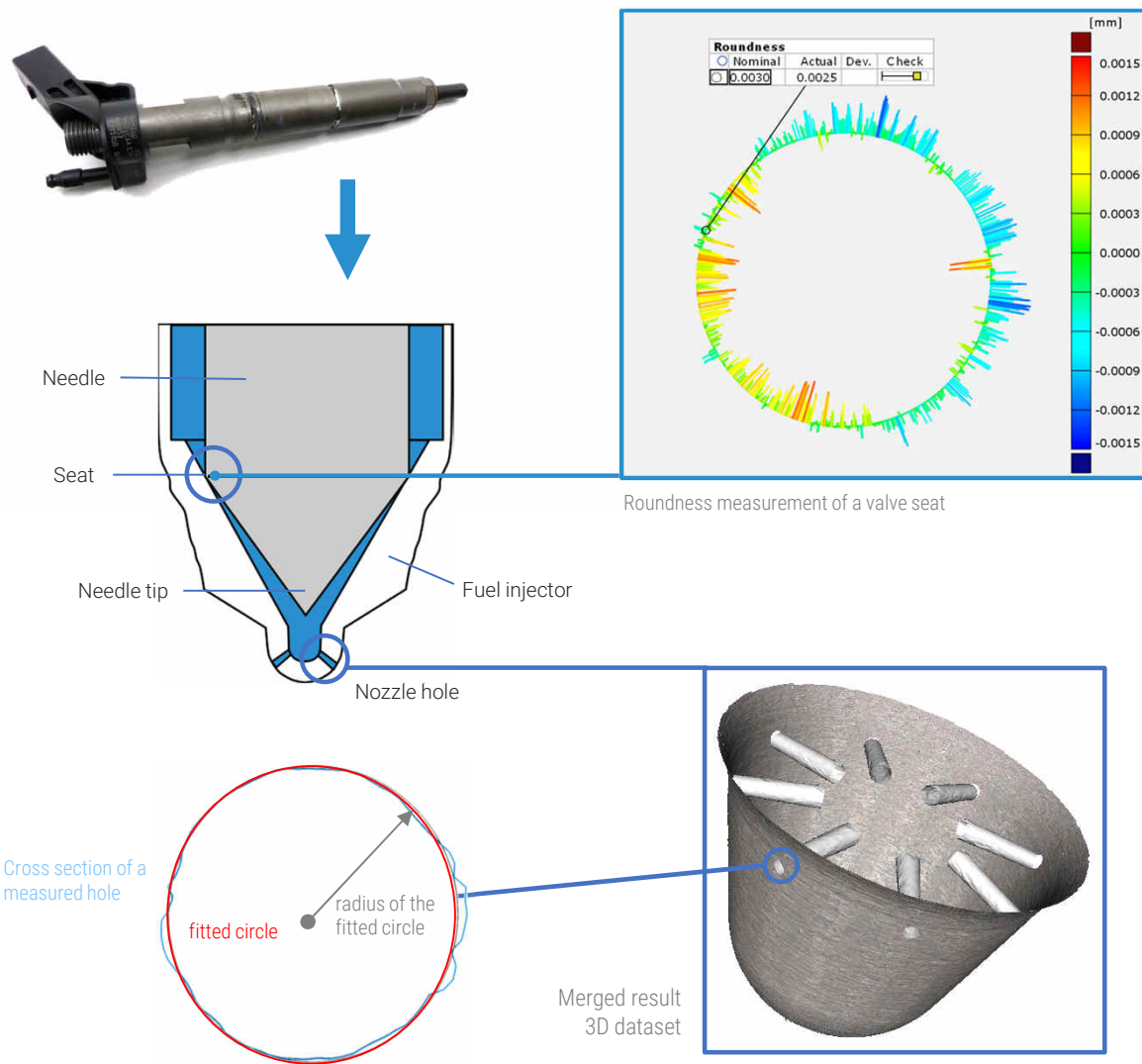
- » Inclination angle (angle between hole axis and part axis)
- » Orientation angle

Hole measurement is not limited to nozzle holes.

# Sample Application: Valve Inspection

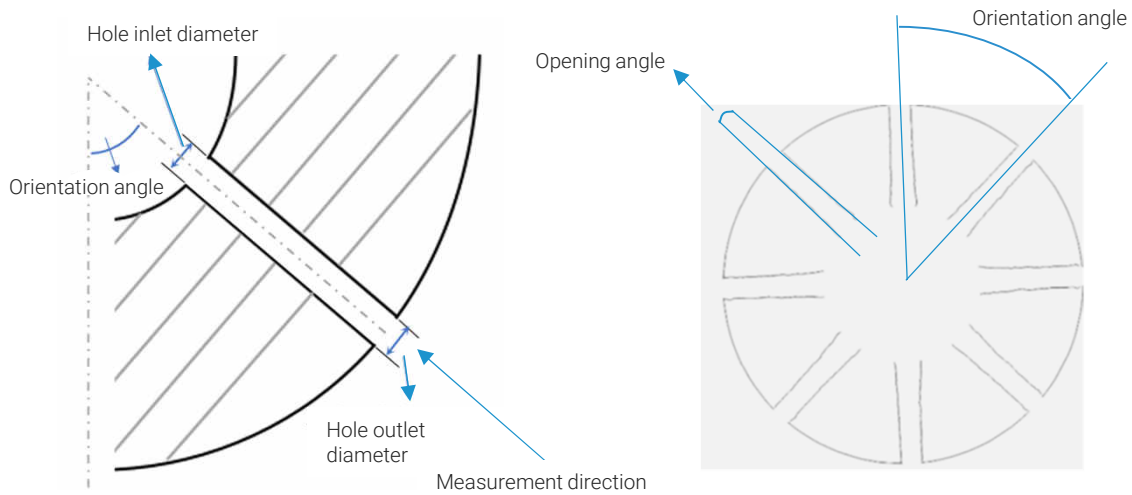
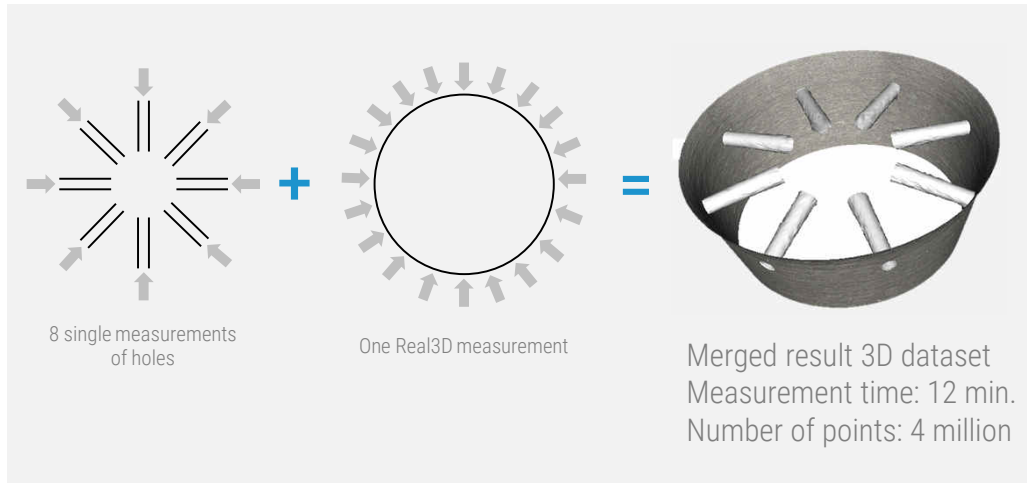
## Inspecting multiple holes in a workpiece coordinate system

In combination with the highly precise, automatic rotation unit 'AdvancedReal3D', Vertical Focus Probing enables measuring of multiple holes including their orientation to each other. One application which can be achieved using the InfiniteFocus G6 in combination with Real3D is the measurement of injection nozzles including diameter, K-factor, injection angle and side angle.

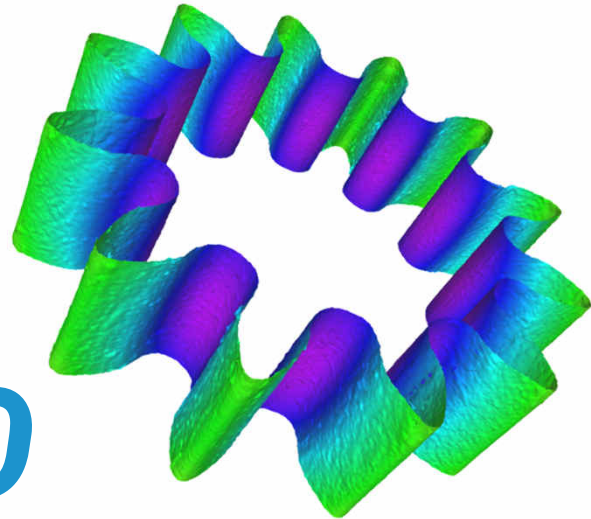


The dataset shown above was generated using a Real3D rotation unit.

## Sample Application: Valve Inspection







# Real3D Measurement

*also available separately as offline version – requires Offline MetMaX*

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## How to measure undercuts

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In combination with Real3D, users measure components in 3D from various perspectives which are then automatically merged into a full 3D dataset. High-precision and calibrated rotation and tilt axes ensure automated, repeatable and traceable measurement of form and roughness on the whole measurement object. Users are able to visualize and measure surface features such as diverse flank angles, thread pitch and undercuts.

The AdvancedReal3DUnit features a motorized rotation and motorized tilt axis. It is used for full form measurement of typically round tools. It can additionally be applied for the automatic measurement of cutting dies, micro hole measurement and reverse engineering. Further, users are able to measure trail and main edges of their drill, cutting miller etc. in only one measurement circle.

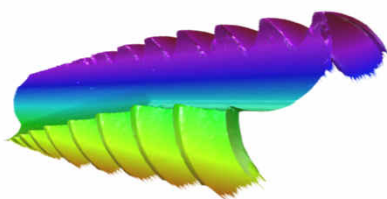
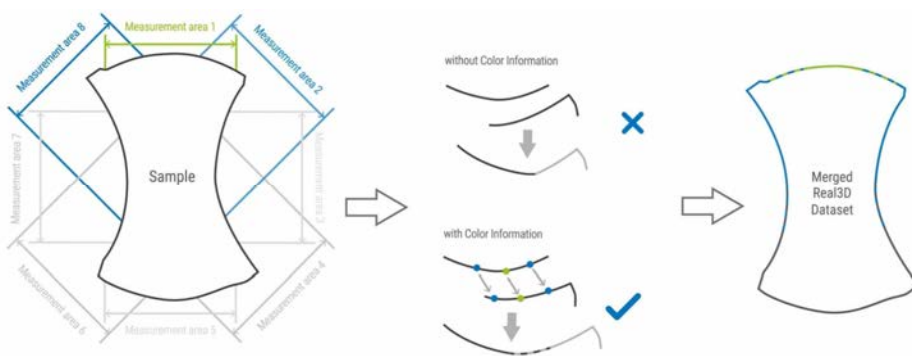
The compatibility of the AdvancedReal3DUnit with a number of clamping systems allows for precise and rapid interaction between processing and measurement. In addition, various adapters enable 360° rotation and components without rotational symmetry.

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## Real3D Measurement

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The component is measured at various rotation and tilt angles. Based on the registered true color information of each measurement point, the single measurements are transformed into a joint coordinate system. The single, overlapping measurements are then precisely merged into a complete 3D dataset.



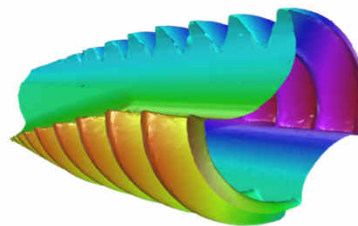

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SURFACE DATASET

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measurement from one perspective only  
fast data handling due to  
small data volume

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REAL3D DATASET

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measurement from various perspectives,  
360° inspection  
measurement of undercuts, flank angles and  
thread pitch possible

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## AdvancedReal3DUnit

With the AdvancedReal3DUnit, complete 3D inspection of a tool is possible. Components are measured in 3D from various perspectives and then automatically merged into a full 3D dataset. Fully motorized rotation and tilt axes enable automatic as well as repeatable high-resolution form and roughness measurement. Three compatible clamping systems guarantee easiest tool handling and a precisely repeatable clamping process. The AdvancedReal3DUnit enables coordinate transformation and comparability of measurements to a CAD-model data.



Repeatable and traceable measurement from various perspectives with fully motorized high-precision rotation and tilt axes

### AVAILABLE CLAMPING SYSTEMS

- AdvancedReal3DUnit
- AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R
- AdvancedReal3DUnit EROWA

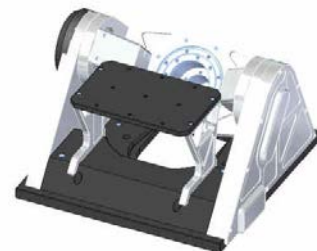
*Technical specifications and drawings:  
see end of document*

## AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table

The AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table enables the measurement of samples that are not clamped in the AdvancedReal3DUnit while the unit is still mounted. It is a multi-functional and time saving accessory of the rotation unit that can simply be fixated on it with two screws. As the rotation unit does not need to be removed, and thus also not readjusted, it stays operational. Due to the threaded holes on its table top, samples can be securely fixated.



Stable and compact table with a flat surface on which samples can be placed.



AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table mounted on AdvancedReal3DUnit.

<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	180 x 118 x 117mm
<b>Weight</b>	480g
<b>Material</b>	Aluminium
<b>Max. sample weight</b>	5kg
<b>Threaded holes table top</b>	9 x M5
<b>Product compatibility</b>	
<b>Rotation unit</b>	AdvancedReal3DUnit AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R AdvancedReal3DUnit EROWA

## AdvancedCalibrationPin

The AdvancedCalibrationPin is specifically designed to enable adjustment and calibration of the AdvancedReal3DUnit when used with an Alicona measurement system. Using this pin, a coordinate system for each tilt and rotation angle of the rotation unit can be precisely adjusted. Thus, measurement and positioning in clamping system coordinates is possible. DAkKS-calibrated.

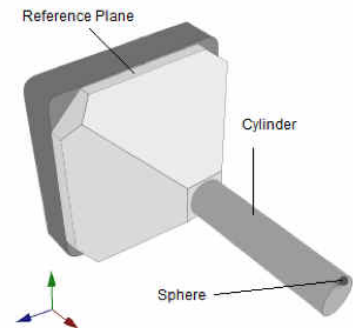


High-precision adjustment and calibration with the AdvancedCalibrationPin.

<b>AdvancedCalibrationPin</b>	Pin diameter: Sphere diameter: Dimensions: Weight: Clamping system:	10mm 1mm 112.3 x 54 x 54mm 540g three-jaw chuck
<b>AdvancedCalibrationPin3R</b>	Pin diameter: Sphere diameter: Dimensions: Weight: Clamping system:	10mm 1mm 136 x 54 x 54mm 840g 3R
<b>AdvancedCalibrationPinEROWA</b>	Pin diameter: Sphere diameter: Dimensions: Weight: Clamping system:	10mm 1mm 120 x 54 x 54mm 580g EROWA

### Product compatibility

<b>AdvancedCalibrationPin</b>	AdvancedReal3DUnit
<b>AdvancedCalibrationPin3R</b>	AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R
<b>AdvancedCalibrationPinEROWA</b>	AdvancedReal3DUnit EROWA



With the AdvancedCalibrationPin, a relation between stage coordinates and workpiece holder coordinates for all possible rotation and tilt angles is established.



## ChuckAdapter

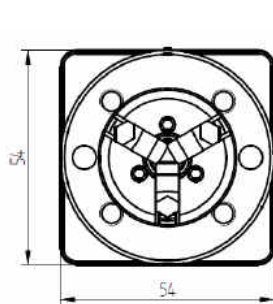
The ChuckAdapter G2 extends the range of measurable tools: It allows inside and outside clamping of tools as well as the measurement of rotationally symmetric samples. Clamped into the rotation unit, it facilitates switching between the clamping systems without the need of having to exchange the entire grip.

The ChuckAdapter is an accessory for the AdvancedReal3DUnit and its different versions. It offers a three-jaw chuck, which is mounted on a 3R and EROWA pallet for the 3R and EROWA variants.

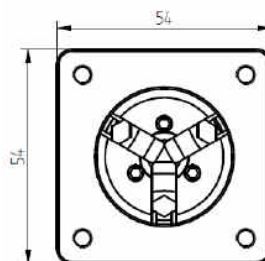


Fast switching between clamping systems with the ChuckAdapter G2.

<b>ChuckAdapter G2</b>	Dimensions: Weight: Compatibility:	69 x 35 x 35mm; $\varnothing$ 35mm 250g AdvancedReal3DUnit
<b>ChuckAdapter3R G2</b>	Dimensions: Weight: Compatibility:	87 x 54 x 54mm; $\varnothing$ 35mm 400g AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R
<b>ChuckAdapterEROWA G2</b>	Dimensions: Weight: Compatibility:	78 x 54 x 54mm; $\varnothing$ 35mm 300g AdvancedReal3DUnit EROWA
<b>Clamping range</b>		
<b>Inside clamping</b>	$\varnothing$ 0.5 - 16mm	
<b>Outside clamping</b>	$\varnothing$ 11 - 27mm	



ChuckAdapter3R G2



ChuckAdapterEROWA G2

# *Edge Measurement Package*

Measurement of (cutting)  
edges and edge verification

## **Applications and features**

Edge Preparation Measurement  
Difference Measurement  
Measurement of Multiple Edges  
Chamfer and Edge Break Measurement  
Measurement of Angles on Round Tools  
Measurement of Roughness  
EdgeQuality and Chipping  
Mean and Single Profile Measurement  
Automated Measurement  
Quality Assurance and Reporting  
Customization  
Remoting Interface  
Integration in ERP and QM System

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## Applications and Features

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Edge Preparation Measurement  
Difference Measurement  
Measurement of Multiple Edges (*MultiEdgeMeasurement*)  
Chamfer and Edge Break Measurement  
(*EdgeBreakMeasurement*)  
Measurement of Angles on Round Tools  
(*RoundToolMeasurement*)  
Measurement of Roughness (*ToolRoughness*)  
EdgeQuality and Chipping (*EdgeQuality*)  
Mean and Single Profile Measurement  
Automated Measurement  
Quality Assurance and Reporting  
Customization  
Remoting Interface  
Integration in ERP and QM System

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## Exporting Functions

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### Datasets

AL3D

### Optical Images/ 3D View

PNG, BMP, TIF, TIFF, ICO, JPG, JPEG, PPM, XPM, XBM

### Depth Images

PNG, BMP, TIF

### 3D Data Points

Plain text, VRML2.0, SUR, STL, OpenGPS X3P, G3D

### Object Properties

TXT

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## Importing Functions

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### Dataset

STL, AL3D, AFM, D2, DAT, TXT LEI, PLU PNG, SDF, SMD, SUR, DFR, TIF, TFR, TRR, ZFR, ZRR, PTB XYZ, UB3, X3P, G3D

### Optical Image

PNG, BMP, TIF, TIFF, ICO, JPG, JPEG, PPM, XPM, XBM

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## Supported Standards

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ISO 25178-6:2010, ISO 25178-606:2016  
VIM ISO IEC:2007  
ISO 4287:2010, ISO 4288:1998,  
ISO 16610-1:2015, ISO 16610-20:2015, ISO 16610-21:2013  
ISO 25178-2:2012  
ISO 16610-61:2016, ISO 16610-71:2014  
ISO 13565-2:1998  
ASME B46.1:2009

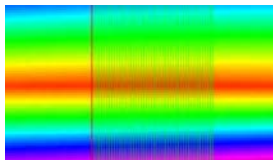
# Applications on Round Tools



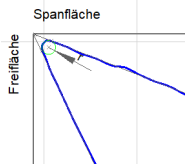
**ToolRoughness**  
Roughness measurement on rake and clearance surface



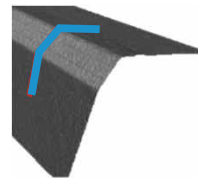
**EdgeQuality**  
Automatic chipping measurement



Mean and single profile measurement

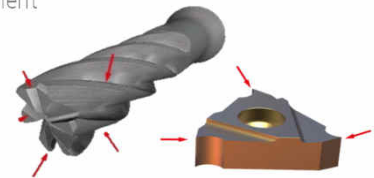


Edge Measurement

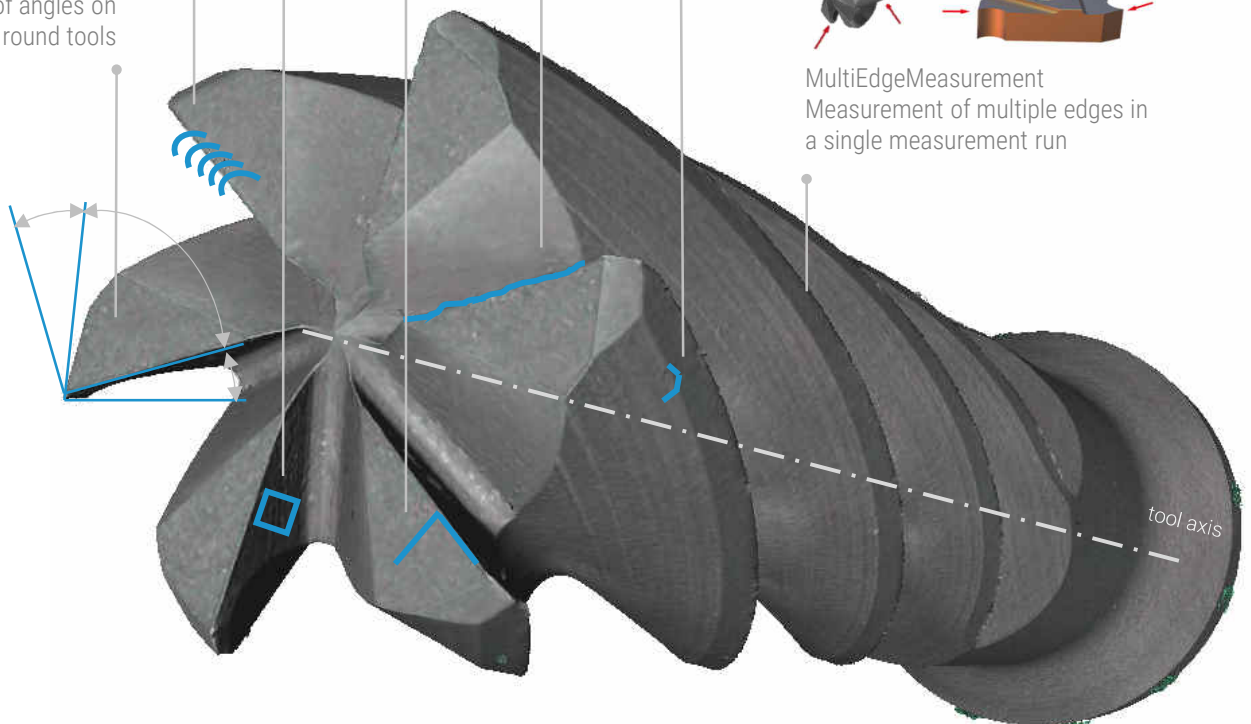


**EdgeBreakMeasurement**  
Chamfer and edge break measurement

**RoundToolMeasurement**  
Measurement of angles on round tools



**MultiEdgeMeasurement**  
Measurement of multiple edges in a single measurement run



## Applications on Inserts

**MultiEdgeMeasurement**  
Measurement of multiple edges in a single measurement run

**ToolRoughness**  
Roughness measurement on rake and clearance surface

**Mean and single profile measurement**

**EdgeQuality**  
Automatic chipping measurement

**EdgeBreakMeasurement**  
Chamfer and edge break measurement

**Edge Measurement**

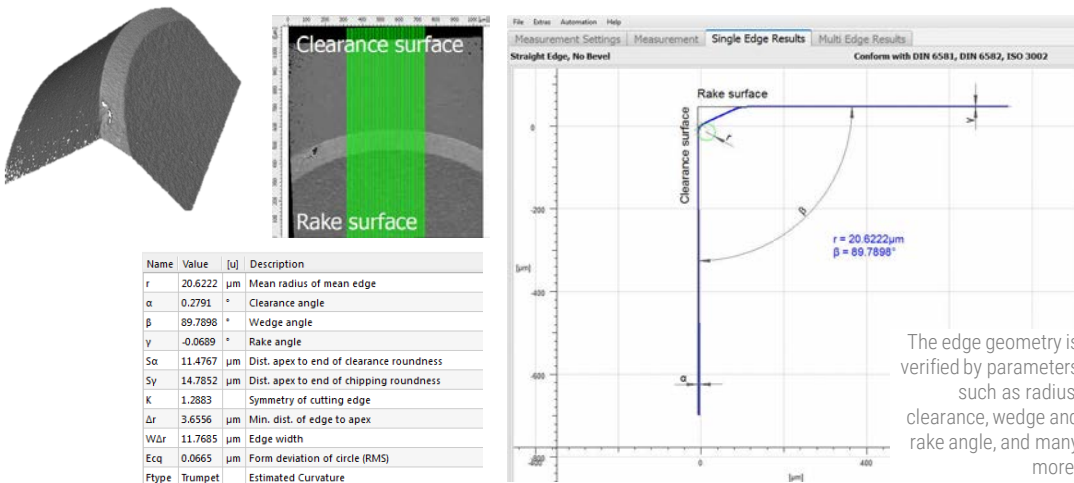
Spanfläche  
Freifläche

Edge Measurement Package

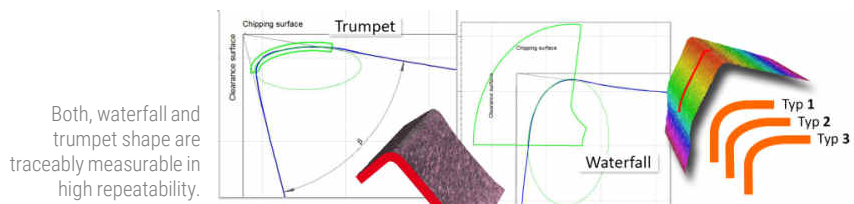
## Edge Preparation Measurement

With the Edge Measurement Package users measure complex geometries of deburred, ground, smoothed and polished cutting edges. It enables the measurement of straight and curved edges, as well as edges with or without bevel. Users measure, among others, radius, clearance ( $\alpha$ ), wedge angle ( $\beta$ ), rake angle ( $\gamma$ ), edge symmetry as well as negative and positive bevel lengths. Measurements include projected bevel length, true bevel length and bevel angles. Also basket arches with both waterfall and trumpet shape are traceably measured in high repeatability.

A fit of elliptic shapes into the edge region describes the shape with many additional radial parameters. Additionally, the edge can be compared to user-defined basket arch files of arbitrary shape. Defined tolerances in terms of cutting edge preparation are verified.



The edge geometry is verified by parameters such as radius, clearance, wedge and rake angle, and many more.



## Measurement of Multiple Edges (MultiEdgeMeasurement)

MultiEdgeMeasurement offers fully automatic measurement of user-defined parameters at various tool positions in a single measurement run. Metrology expertise is not needed to verify the quality of inserts, cutters, drills or other round tools. The administrator simply defines the necessary parameters and measurement positions in the software, and then the sequence can be started and carried out at any time without further user influence. Upon completion, all results are clearly summarized in a single chart with a traffic light system reporting immediately if the work pieces comply with the tool specifications. For additional details on the parameters, users click on the result of interest. This automation decreases the inspection time for both single tools as well as entire batches. In addition, personnel resources are set free as the measured tools do not require repositioning or modification in the software settings.

Three typical application areas are:

Verification of edge geometries through the measurement of various edge positions

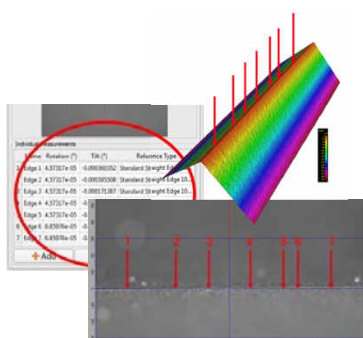
The user defines the measurement parameters for various tool positions. All parameters are then measured automatically and users receive results for each selected position.

Automatic inspection of drill, cutting miller or insert

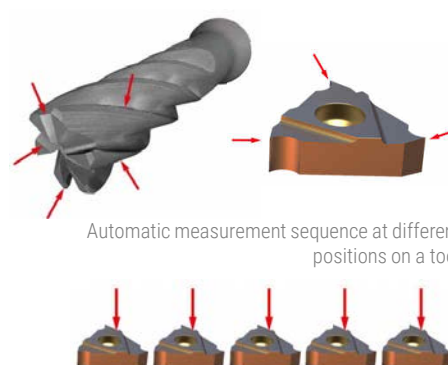
In combination with a rotation unit users measure multiple edges of tools. This even includes chamfered edges of e.g. drills, cutters and other round tools.

Rapid quality assurance of an entire batch

Users can measure a number of parameters across multiple tools. This enables, for example, quality assurance of an entire batch.



Several measurements on one edge by a single command to verify the homogeneity of an edge preparation process.



Automatic measurement sequence at different positions on a tool

Automatic measurements on various tools to assure the quality of an entire batch

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## Difference Measurement

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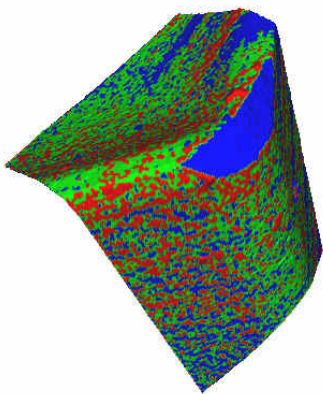
Difference Measurement automatically compares the measured cutting tool to a previously imported CAD dataset or reference geometry. Differences to a measured "golden standard" are clearly visible. This is achieved through advanced pseudo colour visualization: all points that lie within the tolerance remain green whereas all others are shown in red and blue.

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## Chamfer and Edge Break Measurement (EdgeBreakMeasurement)

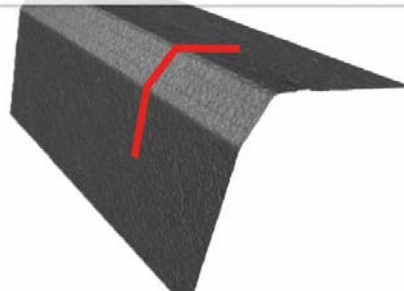
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Users measure the shape and length of a chamfer. Measurements include chamfer width, various angles, width of edge break, normal distances and other ISO 13715 conform parameters. Just like edge measurement, chamfer measurement is designed as a one-button solution that can be applied in production.



Difference Measurement:  
3D measurements are automatically compared to a reference geometry or CAD data.

Edge Break Normal Length 1 (B1)	44.56µm
Edge Break Normal Length 2 (B2)	41.65µm
Edge Break Projected Length 1 (B1p)	44.56µm
Edge Break Projected Length 2 (B2p)	41.65µm
Edge Break Width (Bw)	60.95µm



Measurable parameters of an edge break include chamfer width, various angles and other ISO 13715 conform parameters.



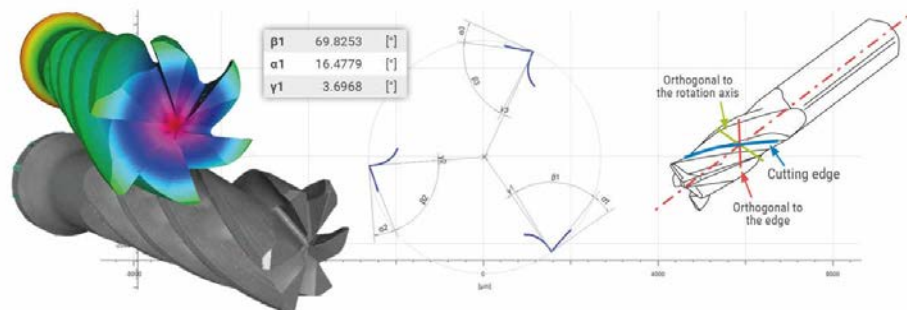
## Measurement of Angles on Round Tools (RoundToolMeasurement)

In combination with the AdvancedReal3DUnit, users measure additional important parameters such as rake angle, wedge angle and clearance angle with respect to the tool axis.

In addition to the result table, users receive a graphical visualization, more precisely a profile, of the measured round tool with the measured parameters included.



AdvancedReal3DUnit



Measurement of parameters such as rake angle, wedge angle and clearance angle with respect to the tool axis

## Measurement of Roughness (ToolRoughness)

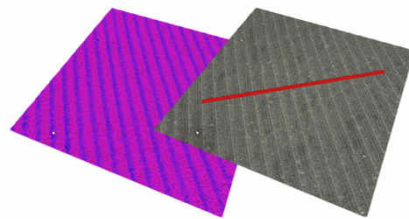
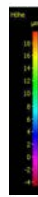
ToolRoughness allows to automatically calculate the roughness of a tool with both profile and area based parameters on the rake and clearance surface as well as in the flute of a tool. Typical measurable parameters are Ra, Rq, Rz, Sa, Sq, Sz.



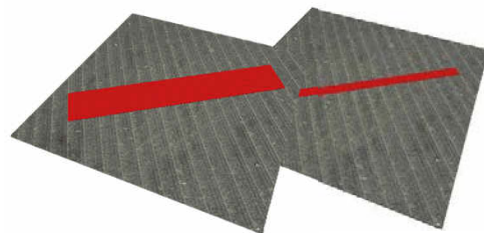
Roughness measurement on rake and clearance surface or in the flute of a tool

### FEATURES

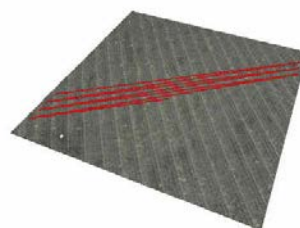
- » Automatic alignment of profiles orthogonal to the dominant structure.
- » Option to choose between calculating parameters from a mean profile or calculating mean parameters from multiple profiles.
- » Form removal of cylinders and spheres.
- » Warning if repeatability of a measured dataset is not good enough, or if Ra value is smaller than the min. measurable Ra stated in the technical specifications.
- » Automatic choice of lambdaC according to ISO 4288.
- » Automatic choice of the profile length according to ISO 4288.
- » Definition of number of sampling lengths.
- » Automatic extraction of the profile in a zigzag path if the profile length is larger than the field of view.
- » Predefined profile lengths.
- » Adjustment of reference types to individual needs.
- » Add tolerances to certain parameters



Profile extraction orthogonal to the dominant structure of the surface



Mean parameters calculated from multiple profiles vs. roughness parameters calculated from a mean profile



Automatic profile extraction along zigzag path if profile lengths larger than field of view

## EdgeQuality and Chipping

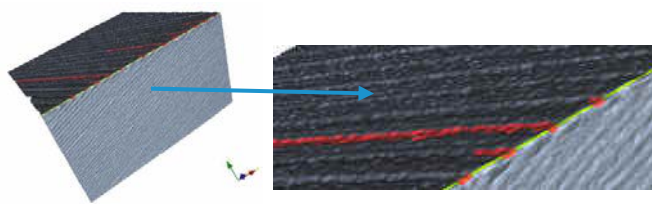
EdgeQuality offers fully automatic chipping measurement: depth, length and volume for edge quality verification.

### Users measure

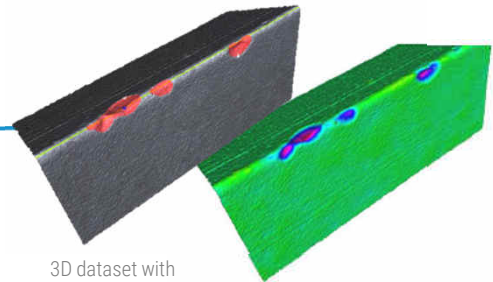
- » the quality of cutting edges
- » edges with or without edge radius
- » the defect depth along the clearance and rake surface as well as along the edge profile
- » the roughness on the edge

### Other features

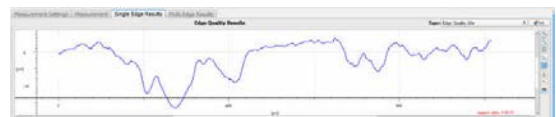
- » High resolution enables the measurement of ISO 4287 conforming parameters (Ra, Rq, Rz, Rp, Rv ...) along the edge.
- » Possibility to calculate defects with respect to a previously measured golden standard or an imported CAD dataset.
- » Warning if repeatability of a measured dataset is not good enough, or if Ra value is smaller than the min. measurable Ra stated in the technical specifications.
- » Warning if roughness on rake/clearance surface is too high for desired detection parameters.



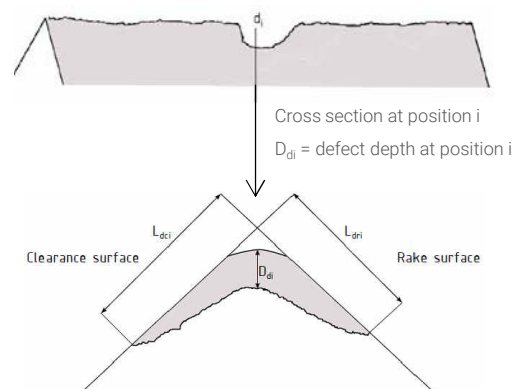
Warning options: If roughness on rake/clearance surface is higher than specified average Rv value, a warning can be displayed.



3D dataset with marked defects (true and pseudo color)



Extracted surface profile along the edge



### TYPICAL PARAMETERS

percentage of edge length with defects

max. defect depth along the profile

max. defect length along the clearance/rake surface

(robust) radius in areas without defect

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## Mean and Single Profile Measurement

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Cutting edges are usually verified throughout the measurement of the mean profile. The Edge Measurement Package additionally offers the measurement of up to 100 edge profiles within the measurement area. This enables detailed analysis of the selected measurement area. Users easily detect variances along the edge to deeply analyze its homogeneity.

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## Automated Measurement

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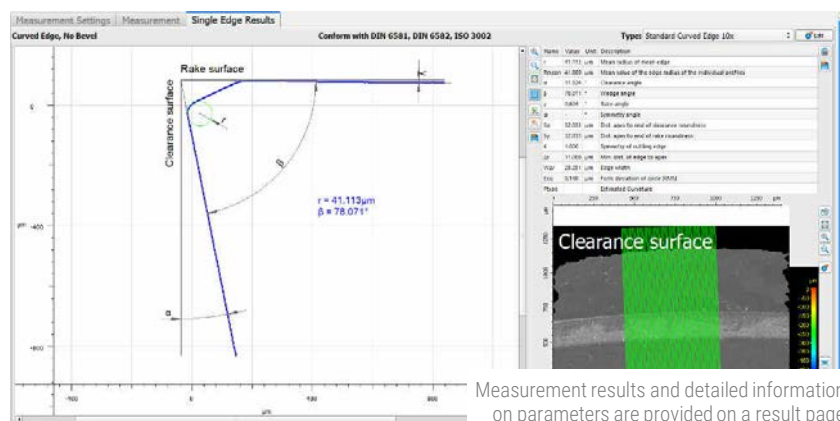
Measurements are performed fully automatic as a „single-button“ solution. The user only chooses a reference type from either a selection of pre-defined edge types or by using a bar-code reader. Parameter settings only have to be defined once by an administrator.

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## Quality Assurance and Reporting

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All measurements are automatically saved and can be imported into Microsoft Excel for statistical evaluation. Detailed reports can be generated and printed for each measurement. All measurements are archived in a database for quality assurance.



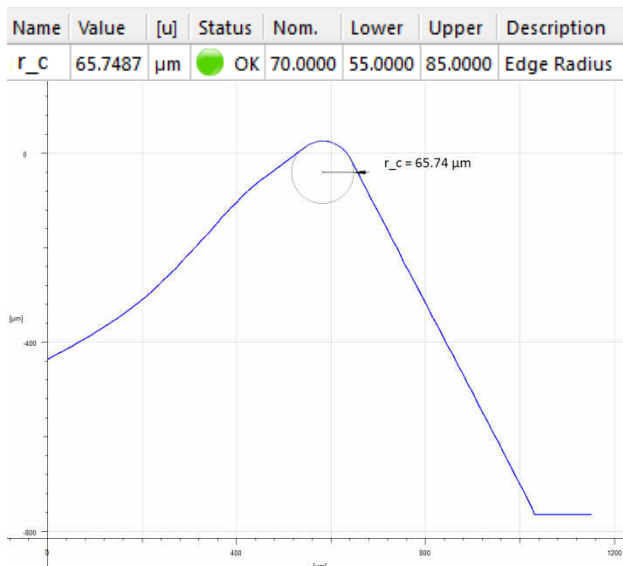
Measurement results and detailed information on parameters are provided on a result page

## Customization

The Edge Measurement Package is individually adaptable to the user's needs: Via customized scripts new measurement parameters can be quickly and easily implemented in order to meet new requirements, or customized routines can be defined. Additionally, the graphical user interface can be adapted to the customer's needs and customer-specific parameter names can be assigned.

## Remoting Interface

The Remoting Interface can be used to automate edge measurement sequences via a .NET interface. It allows to control the system by utilizing an external robot or another external stage.



Users define customized parameters which are measured by customized scripts. These parameters are shown on the result page.

# Order Management Module

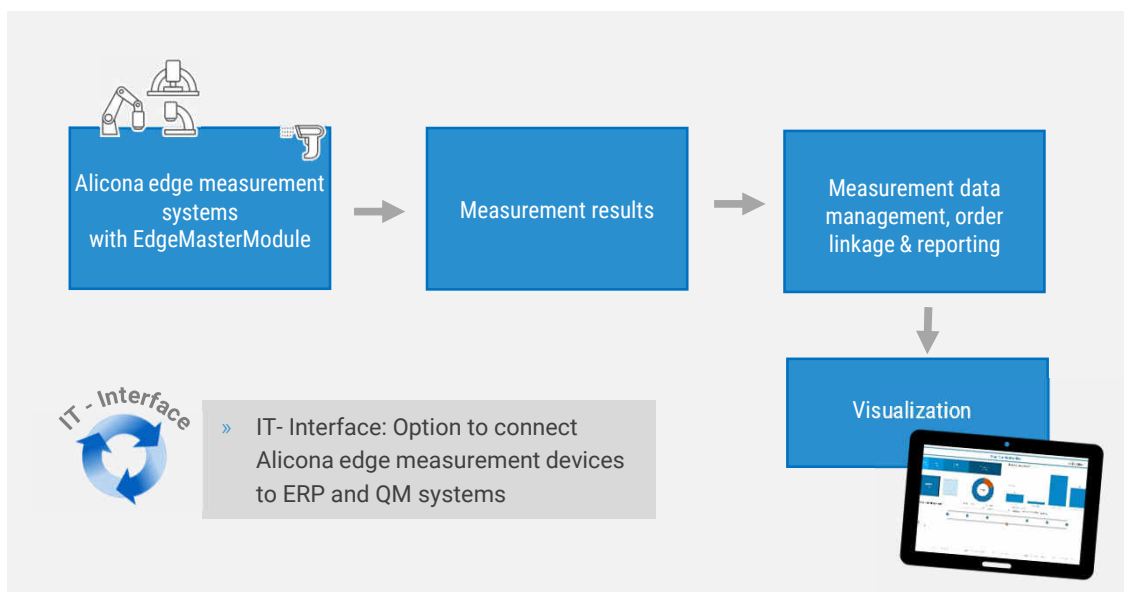
## Intuitive, customizable Order Management with user-specific Reporting

The Alicona OrderManagementModule enables **order processing and management with a customizable interface and user-specific reporting**.

- » Order-related and database-supported measurement data management with **adjustable fields according to individual requirements**.
- » **Fast allocation of the measurement to the order**, optionally supported by a barcode scanner.
- » **Automatic selection of the correct measurement settings** for the selected order, for **efficient processes and significant time savings**.

## Production-near Interface and transparent Order Processing

- » **User-specific reports** to monitor the constant quality of production, e. g. by comparing different measurement runs or operators.
- » **Intuitive and production-oriented user interface with different user levels**, from basic to administrative system privileges.
- » Overview of all orders, including the fulfillment status, makes order processing transparent and allows for **early detection and correction of deviations in order processes**.

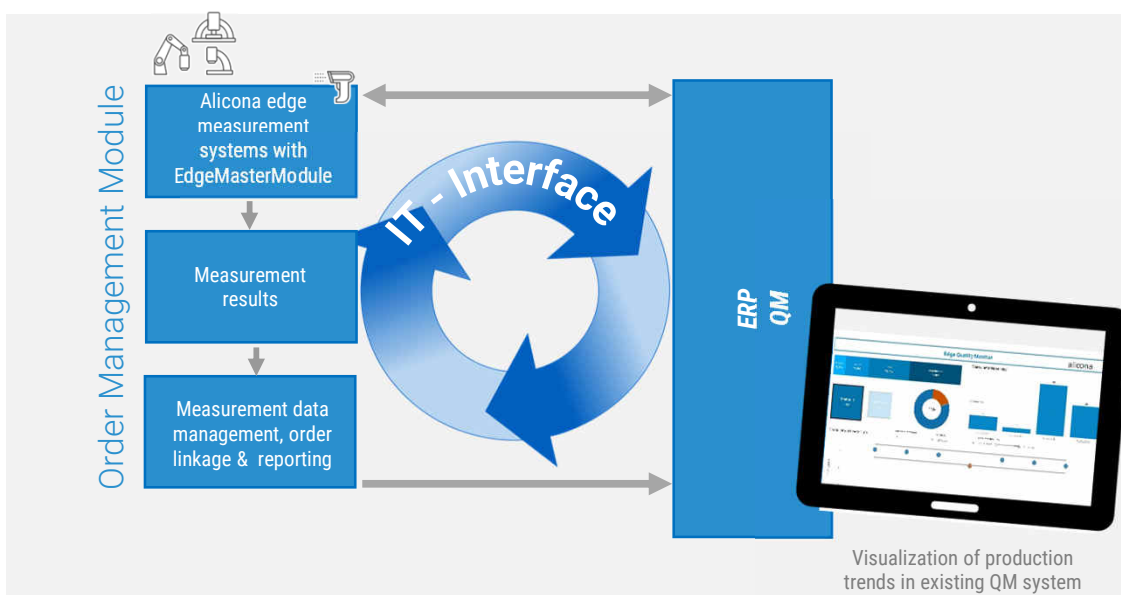


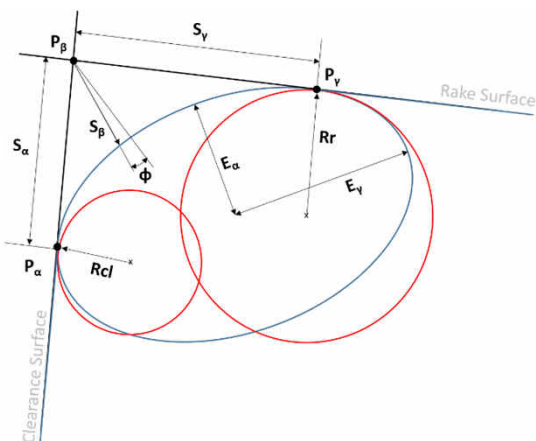
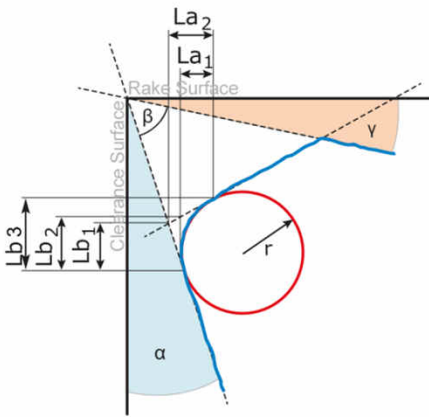
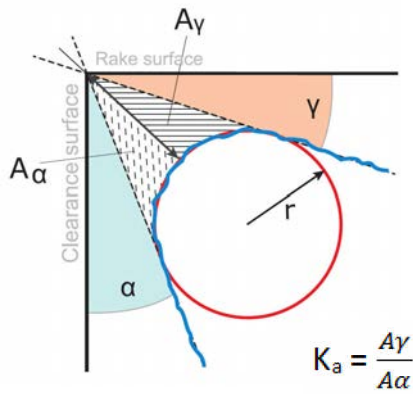
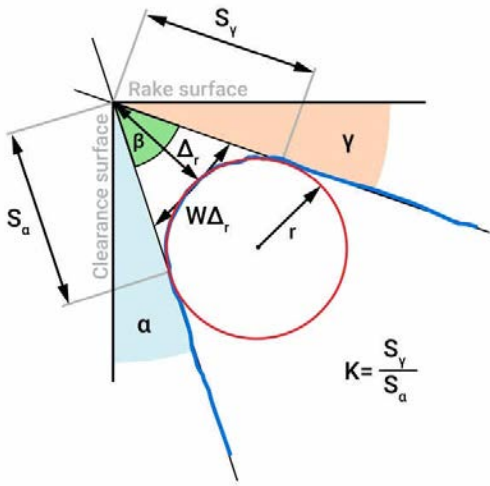
## IT-Interface

### Integration of Measurement Technology in ERP and QM-Systems

The IT-Interface enables the **integration of Alicona measurement technology** into the IT environment of your production. Measurement data is fed into your company's ERP and QM systems. This facilitates intelligent networking and **communication between measurement technology and production systems**.

- » Alicona edge measuring systems are connected to the ERP system, **hence access nominal values, tolerances and measuring strategies** of all tools. Measurements are achieved fully automatically, at the same time measurement results are fed into the QM system.
- » The **networking of measurement data, ERP and QM systems** enables self-sufficient, user independent generation of measurement programs.
- » Production managers **have access to all production data** and can react immediately to negative and positive trends. This supports global manufacturing **at several production sites in uniform quality**.

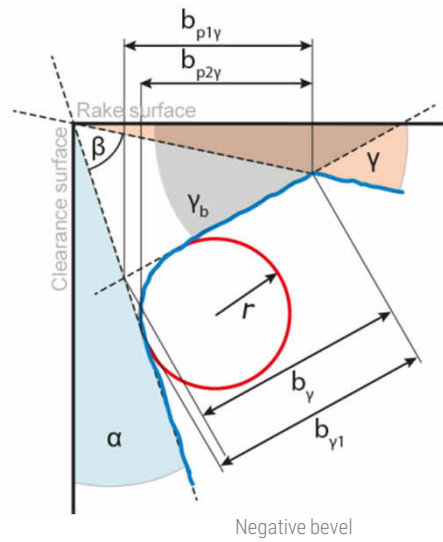




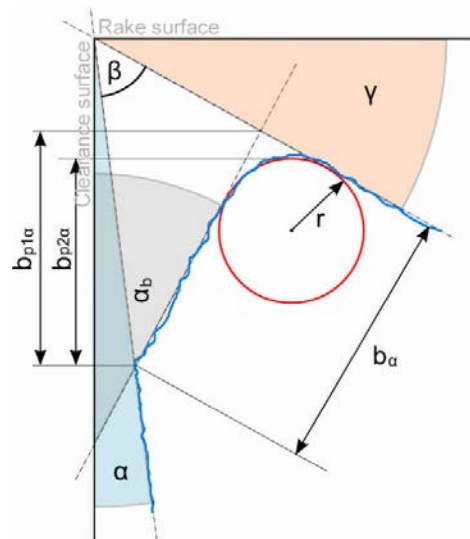
## Edge parameters

$S_\alpha, S_\gamma$	distance between the apex (intersection of both dashed lines) and the end of the clearance or rake roundness, respectively
$\Delta r$	shortest distance from the intersection of the dashed lines to the fitted circle
$W\Delta r$	edge width
$r$	radius of the cutting edge
$E_{c\gamma}$	form deviation of circle
$E_{b\gamma}$	form deviation of basket arch
$F_{type}$	form deviation parameter (indicates whether the form of the cutting edge is waterfall, trumpet or not defined)
$R_{mean}$	mean value of the radii of all single profiles
$\gamma$	rake angle
$\alpha$	clearance angle
$\beta$	wedge angle
$K$	edge symmetry
$K_\alpha$	edge symmetry based on areas
$L_{a1}, L_{b2}, L_{a2}, L_{b2}, L_{b3}$	length of honing width projected to rake/clearance surface
$K_{ea}$	ratio of the ellipse half axis length along the rake surface to the half axis length along the clearance surface
$K_{er}$	ratio of the fitted circle's radius on the rake surface to the radius of the circle on the clearance surface
$rE$	measure of the mean radius of the cutting edge
$\psi E$	tilt angle between the rake surface and the half axis of the ellipse whose angle to the rake surface is smaller
$\phi$	symmetry angle (angle between the bisector of the wedge angle $\beta$ and $S\beta (= \Delta r)$ )
$E_\gamma$	ellipse half axis length along the rake surface
$E_\alpha$	ellipse half axis length along the clearance surface
$R_{cl}$	ellipse-radius clearance face
$R_r$	ellipse-radius rake face
$R_{calc}$	calculated radius based on $\Delta r$

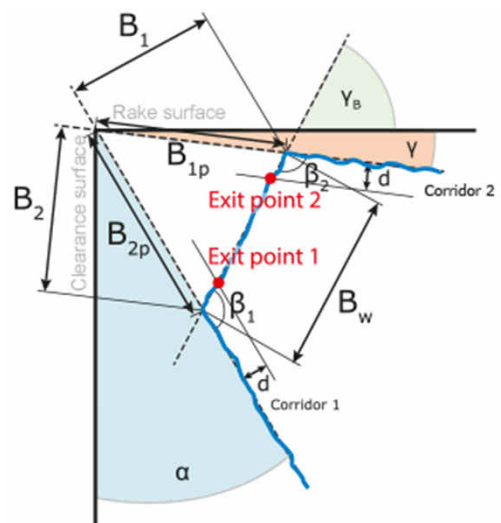




Negative bevel



Supporting bevel



Edge break parameters

**EDGE PARAMETERS FOR NEGATIVE BEVEL**

$b_{p1\gamma}$ , $b_{p2\gamma}$ $b_{p3\gamma}$	projected bevel length
$b_{\gamma}$ , $b_{\gamma1}$	true bevel lengths
$b_{\text{mean}}$	mean value of the $b_{\gamma}$ values of all single profiles
$\gamma_b$	angle of negative bevel

**EDGE PARAMETERS FOR SUPPORTING BEVEL**

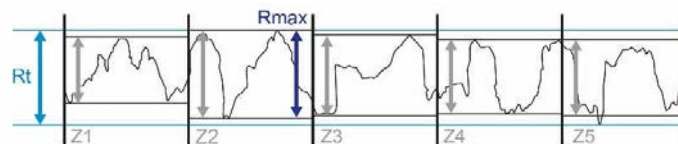
$b_{p1\alpha}$ , $b_{p2\alpha}$	projected bevel length
$b_{\alpha}$	true bevel length
$\alpha_b$	angle of supporting bevel

**PARAMETERS FOR EDGE BREAK**

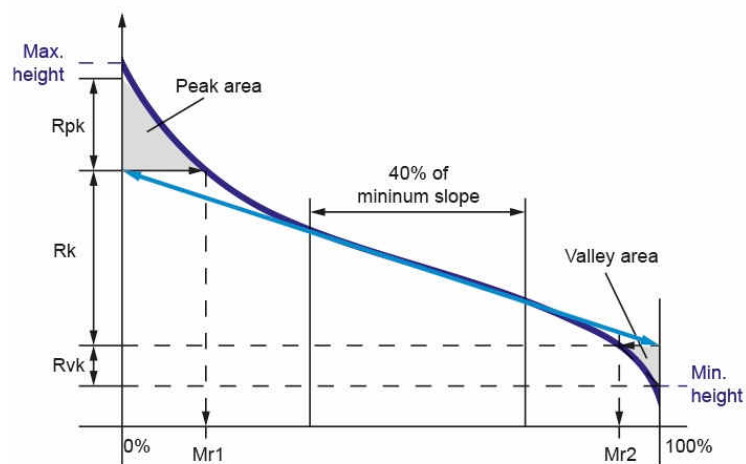
$B_w$	width of edge break
$\beta_1$ , $\beta_2$	edge break angles
$B_1$ , $B_2$	lengths between fitted lines and edge break points (ISO 13715)
$B_{1p}$ , $B_{2p}$	projected lengths
$x1 \text{ neg}$ , $x2 \text{ neg}$	normal distances between corridors and exit points
$B_d$ , $B_{da}$	(absolute) mean deviation of edge break
$B_f$	indicates the form of the edge
$B_g$	indicates the form of the edge
$F_c$	indicates whether the shape of the edge is more like a circle or a line
$\gamma_B$	angle of cutting edge removal

# Profile parameters

<b>Ra</b>	average roughness of profile	<b>Rsm</b>	mean spacing of profile irregularities of roughness profile
<b>Rq</b>	root-mean-square roughness of profile	<b>Rsk</b>	skewness of roughness profile
<b>Rz</b>	mean peak to valley height of roughness profile	<b>Rku</b>	kurtosis of roughness profile
<b>Rt</b>	maximum peak to valley height of roughness profile	<b>Rdq</b>	root-mean-square slope of roughness profile
<b>Pt</b>	maximum peak to valley height of primary profile	<b>Rk</b>	core roughness depth, height of the core material
<b>Rmax</b>	maximum peak to valley height of roughness profile within a sampling length	<b>Rpk</b>	reduced peak height, mean height of the peaks above the core material
<b>Rp</b>	maximum peak height of roughness profile	<b>Rvk</b>	reduced valley height, mean depth of the valleys below the core material
<b>Rv</b>	maximum valley height of roughness profile	<b>Rmr1</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which consists of peaks above the core material
<b>Rc</b>	mean height of profile irregularities of roughness profile	<b>Rmr2</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which carries the load



$R_z$  = mean value of  $Z_1, Z_2, Z_3, Z_4, Z_5$



Material ratio parameters

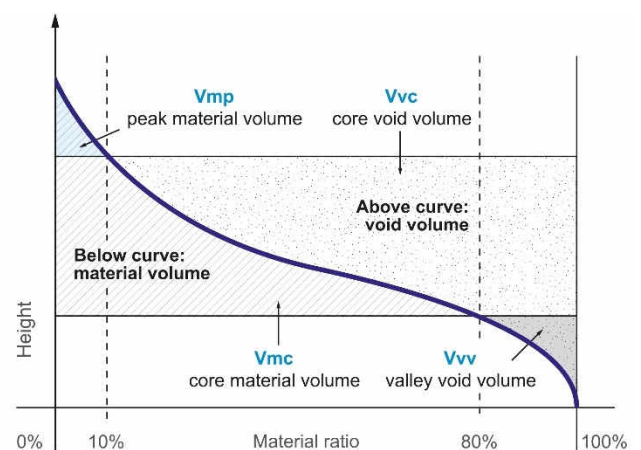
## Surface texture parameters

<b>Sa</b>	average height of selected area
<b>Sq</b>	root-mean-square height of selected area
<b>Sz</b>	maximum height of selected area
<b>Sp</b>	maximum peak height of selected area
<b>Sv</b>	maximum valley depth of selected area
<b>S10z</b>	ten point height of selected area
<b>Ssk</b>	skewness of selected area
<b>Sku</b>	kurtosis of selected area
<b>Sdq</b>	root-mean-square gradient
<b>Sdr</b>	developed interfacial area ratio
<b>Sk</b>	core roughness depth, height of the core material
<b>Spk</b>	reduced peak height, mean height of the peaks above the core material
<b>Skv</b>	reduced valley height, mean depth of the valleys below the core material
<b>Smr1</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which consists of peaks above the core material
<b>Smr2</b>	peak material component, the fraction of the surface which carries the load
<b>Vmp</b>	peak material volume of the topographic surface
<b>Vmc</b>	core material volume of the topographic surface
<b>Vvc</b>	core void volume of the surface
<b>Vvv</b>	valley void volume of the surface

Volume parameters can distinguish differences between surfaces better than others. Volume parameters are calculated for entire surfaces.

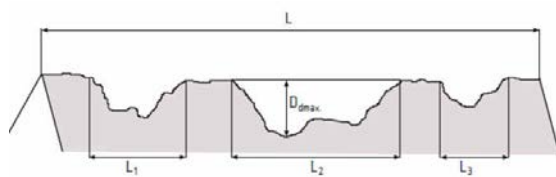
## Difference measurement parameters

<b>Dmin</b>	max. deviation below reference surface
<b>Dmax</b>	max. deviation above reference surface
<b>Dmean</b>	mean deviation
<b>Vp</b>	volume of peaks above reference surface
<b>Vv</b>	volume of valleys below reference surface
<b>Vdp</b>	volume of peak defects extending above tolerance
<b>Vdv</b>	volume of valley defects extending below tolerance
<b>AProj</b>	projected area of sample
<b>Adp</b>	projected area of peaks above tolerance
<b>Adv</b>	projected area of valleys below tolerance
<b>Pc</b>	coverage percentage (area within tolerance)
<b>SIMcd</b>	greatest depth of defects (ISO 8785)
<b>SIMch</b>	greatest height of defects (ISO 8785)
<b>SIMt</b>	whole area of defects (ISO 8785)

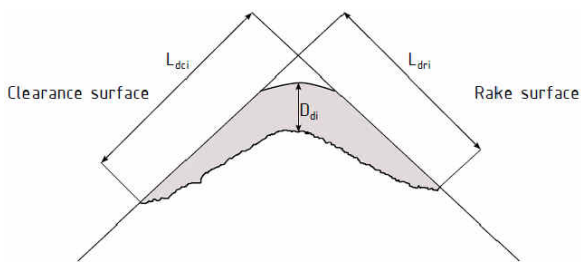


# Parameters for chipping measurement along the profile

<b>Ra</b>	average roughness of profile
<b>Rq</b>	root-mean-square roughness of profile
<b>Rz</b>	mean peak to valley height of profile
<b>Rp</b>	maximum peak height of profile
<b>Rv</b>	maximum valley depth of profile



Example of an edge with three defects



Depth of defect at a certain position (here: position i)

# Parameters for edge quality measurement

<b>L</b>	evaluated length
<b>Pd</b>	percentage of edge length that has defects
<b>Vdrel</b>	relative defect volume per length
<b>Ddmax</b>	max. defect depth along the profile
<b>Ddmean</b>	mean defect depth along the profile
<b>Vdmax</b>	max. defect volume
<b>Vdmean</b>	mean defect volume
<b>Ldmax</b>	max. defect length along the profile
<b>Ldmean</b>	mean defect length along the profile
<b>Ldcmax</b>	max. defect length along the clearance surface
<b>Ldcmean</b>	mean defect length along the clearance surface
<b>Ldrmax</b>	max. defect length along the rake surface
<b>Ldrmean</b>	mean defect length along the rake surface
<b>Rmean_robust</b>	radius in areas without defects

# Automation Manager

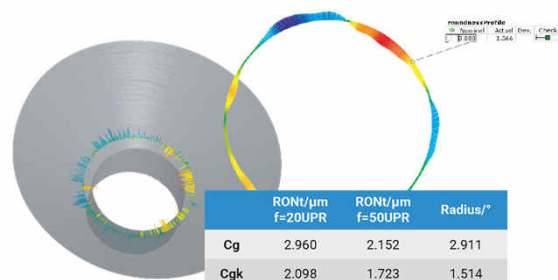
## Automated measurement and evaluation

The AutomationManager is a software platform that makes the automated and user-independent measurements and evaluation of micro-precision components or micro-structured surfaces on large components possible. The process is based on the interplay between an administrator, who defines the measurement program, and operators in the production area. The operator starts the pre-programmed measurements at the touch of a button, the selection of the components to be measured is done by means of a drop-down menu or barcode scanner. The measurement and evaluation of surface and roughness parameters runs automatically, the worker has no influence on the measurement result.

### Available add ons and software

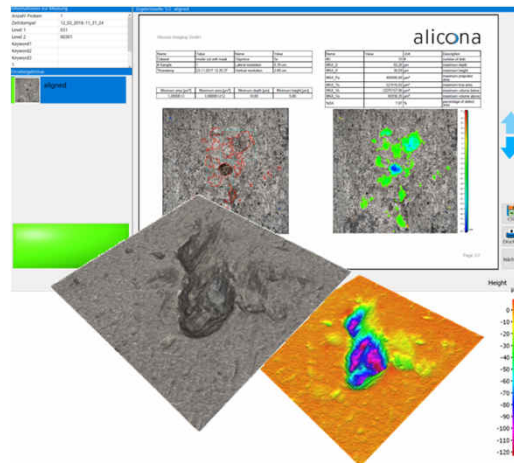
#### Add-On: Alicona Inspect Form Measurement

Using Alicona Inspect, the automated measurements can be applied on the dimensional inspection of components. Parameters and positions to be measured are individually defined by an administrator beforehand and include, among others, angle, distances, roundness, shape deviations and positional relationships.

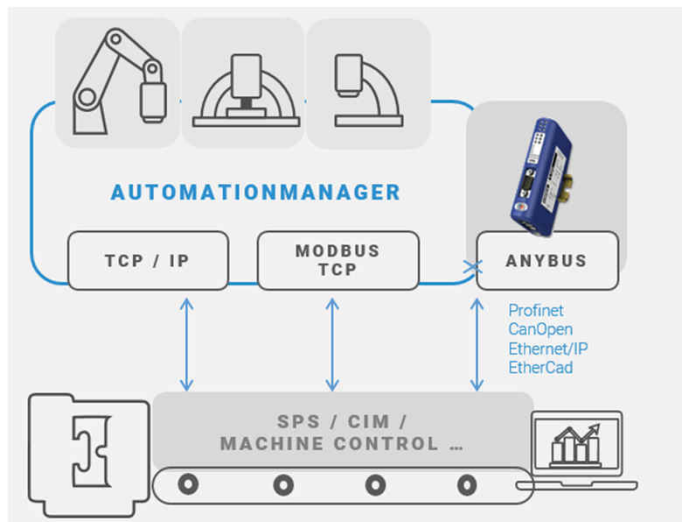


## Add-On: Defect Measurement

The Defect Measurement software automatically detects and quantifies defects on component surfaces and edges. The area-based 3D measurement technology makes it possible to measure and visualize defects and scratches over large areas. In addition to other parameters, users can evaluate the number, length, depth, volume and height of the defects. Applications include corrosion measurement on metal plates, determination of defects and breakage on turbine components as well as measurement of burrs on pressed blanks of indexable inserts.



## Compatibility and integration into production



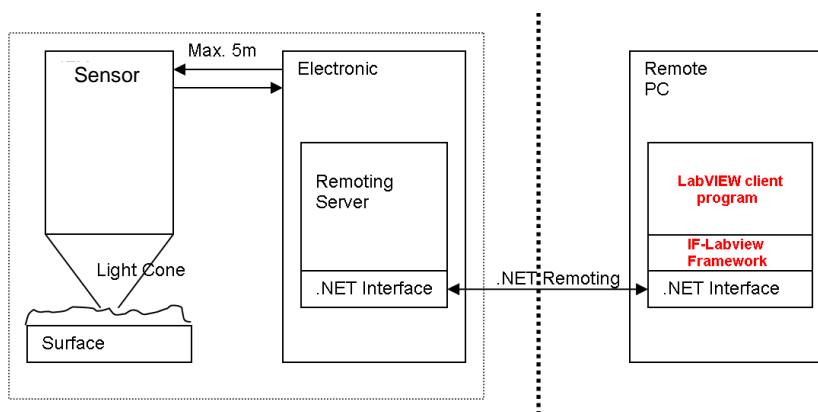
Using the AutomationManager, Alicona's optical 3D metrology is easily integrated into production. For the integration of high-resolution optical measuring sensors, communication and interconnection of production system, machines and measurement systems are crucial.

With the Modbus protocol interface, Alicona offers the possibility to flexibly use its measuring systems for comprehensive process control. Using this well-known public industry standard, manufacturers can integrate Alicona metrology in combination with the AutomationManager into their production process without any programming effort.

# LabVIEW Framework

## Programming interface

The LabVIEWFramework provides a LabVIEW programming interface for InfiniteFocus systems which enables users to design fully automated measurements and allows to control one or more Alicona measurement device. An easy-to-use alternative to scripting, users easily write programs tailored to their needs or produce prototypes very quickly. Typically, the LabVIEWFramework is used for measurement procedures conducted on a regular basis or for specific measurement tasks that would require add-ons of the measurement software.



# Service Software

## Adjustment and Calibration

### Automatic adjustment and calibration

The software allows the automatic adjustment and calibration of the InfiniteFocus G6. The adjustment methods include those for optical axis, sensor rotation, sampling distance, flatness error and grey balance. The calibration methods include lateral calibration, vertical calibration, flatness error calibration and roughness calibration.

### Applications: Adjustment and calibration

Users check the functionality of the measurement device with automatic calibration routines. In production, the software is used to adjust and calibrate Alicona measurement devices. Service technicians check and assure the functionality of a measurement device at the customer's site.

#### CALIBRATION

Lateral calibration  
Vertical calibration  
Roughness calibration  
Flatness error calibration

#### ADJUSTMENT

Grey balance adjustment

#### ADDITIONAL FEATURES

Single Measurement  
Automatic update of the calibration state  
Report generation

#### SERVICES PERFORMED BY SERVICE TECHNICIANS ONLY

Adjustment of the optical axis  
Adjustment of the sensor rotation  
Lateral adjustment  
Adjustment of the flatness error  
Orthogonality adjustment

Calibration of the optical axis  
Calibration of the sensor rotation

#### SUPPORTED STANDARDS

ISO 25178-606, ISO 25178-6



# Pick & Place

Automated placing and measurement of components

- » Easy teach-in in 3 steps
- » Option for closed-loop process and ERP integration
- » Pays for itself within 10 months



Alicona InfiniteFocus G5  
with Pick & Place

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## Automated placing and measurement

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Alicona Pick & Place is an automation solution that makes it possible to set up a complete automation process within ten minutes. Therefore an optical measurement system is extended with a robot arm to automatically pick, place, measure and sort components. Pick & Place can also be used in smaller production environments and pays for itself within ten months.

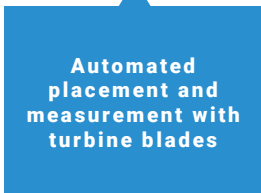
The system is based on the interaction between an administrator who pre-defines automation processes, the collaborative robot for the manipulation and placing of components as well as high-resolution optical 3D measurement technology. The possible connection to existing production systems including ERP facilitates adaptive production planning.



High-resolution optical 3D measurement technology in combination with a collaborative robot arm enables automated placing, measuring and OK/NOT OK sorting in production.



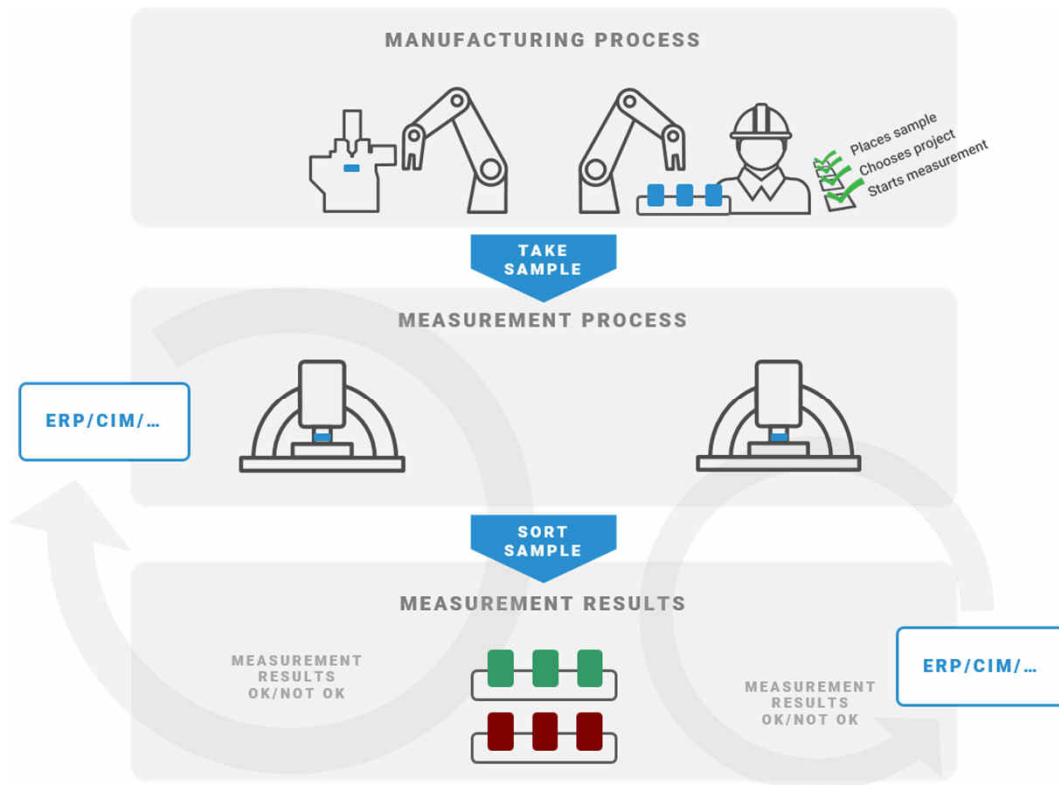
**Automated placement and measurement with drills**



**Automated placement and measurement with turbine blades**



Teach-in of measurement series is carried out in only three steps and does not require any programming knowledge.



## Interacting with machine

### Adaptive closed-loop production

The machined component is removed from the machine by the robot, clamped on the measuring system and measured automatically. Depending on the manufacturing strategy, there are different options of continuing the production process afterwards. Either the measurement result is fed back into the tool machine following a closed-loop strategy, where machine parameters are corrected automatically and manufacturing continues in a self-controlling manner. Alternatively, an automatic sorting into OK/NOT OK pallets follows after the 3D measurement for further processing.

## Interacting with worker

### Easy teach-in in only 3 steps

The user teaches-in an automated procedure in only three steps with no programming knowledge required. The robot handles component manipulation including the positioning on the measuring system and further sorting in OK/NO OK pallets. Regardless of the number of components, only four parts per pallet have to be pre-defined. At the push of a button the operator starts the entire process in production. After the measurement is finished, the component is sorted by measurement results OK/NOK and put in the respective pallet by the robot.

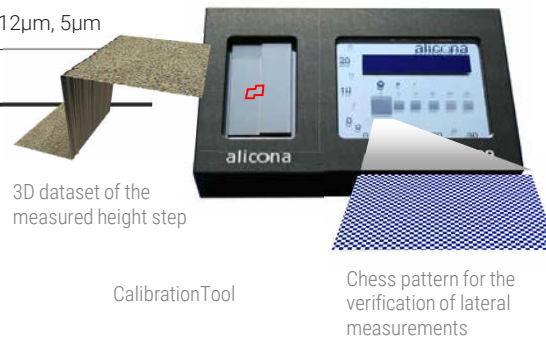


# Calibration Standards

## CalibrationTool

The Alicona CalibrationTool is particularly designed for verifying the vertical and lateral accuracy of all Alicona 3D measurement devices. It provides a height step (1000µm) for the vertical check and various chess patterns for the verification of lateral results. DAkkS-calibrated (*optional*).

<b>Circle diameters</b>	2000µm, 1000µm, 500µm, 250µm, 100µm, 50µm
<b>Grid spacings</b>	120µm, 50µm, 24µm, 12µm, 5µm
<b>Height step</b>	1000µm



## VerificationTool

The VerificationTool is a standard particularly designed to verify the accuracy of form measurements achieved by Alicona measurement systems. It shows various form artefacts such as height steps, angles and cylindrical shapes. Traceable to the PTB.

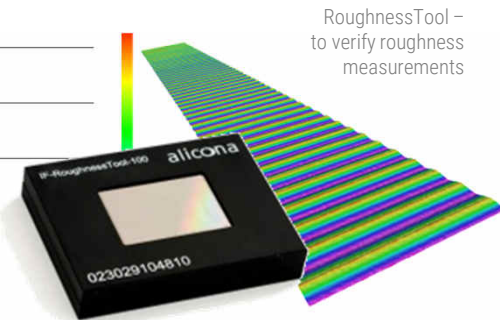
<b>Cylinder diameter</b>	100µm, 250µm, 500µm, 1000µm
<b>Angles</b>	90°, 60°, 20°
<b>Height steps</b>	500µm, 1000µm, 2000µm, 5000µm



## RoughnessTool

The roughness standard can be applied for both tactile and optical measurement systems. Its traceability provides comparison with other measured values, certified standards or target values. Users can measure and verify surface geometry and roughness according to ISO 4287/88. DAKKS- or NPL-calibrated.

Sinusoidal Roughness Standard	
RoughnessTool-100	Ra = 0.1 $\mu\text{m}$
RoughnessTool-500	Ra = 0.5 $\mu\text{m}$
RoughnessTool-3000	Ra = 3 $\mu\text{m}$




RoughnessTool – to verify roughness measurements

## ArealRoughnessTool

Areal roughness standard for optical measurements traceable to NPL. With this tool, users verify the accuracy of optical roughness measurements.

Roughness standard	Sa = 0.75 $\mu\text{m}$ Sq = 1 $\mu\text{m}$
Calibrated area	1.4 x 1.4 mm
Dimensions (W x D x H)	82 x 63 x 14 mm
Temperature range	20 °C +/- 2 °C
Humidity range	40 - 65 %
Recalibration interval	3 years
Calibration laboratory	NPL
Calibration according to	ISO 25178



ArealRoughnessTool – verification of optical roughness measurements

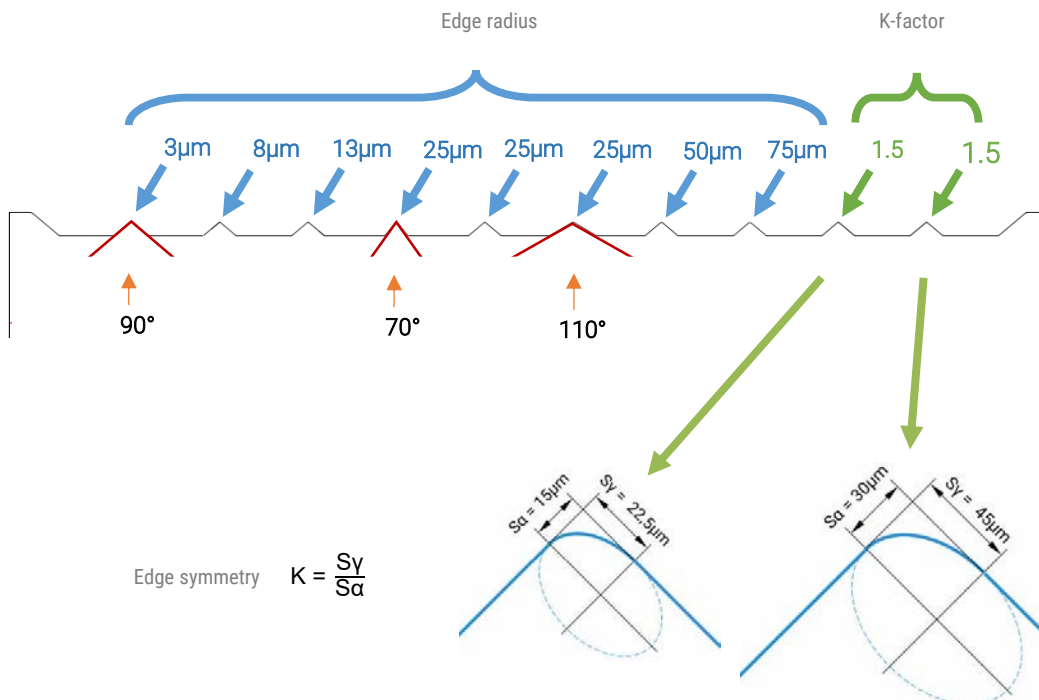
## EdgeCalibrationTool G2

The EdgeCalibrationTool is particularly designed for the verification of optical edge measurements. Users verify high resolution measurements performed in both research and production. Based on the technology of Focus-Variation, also complex components with steep flanks and varying material properties are traceably measured. METAS (Federal Institute of Metrology, Berne/Switzerland) calibration certificate included.

<b>Radii</b>	3µm, 8µm, 13µm, 25µm (3x), 50µm, 75µm
<b>Angles</b>	70°, 90°, 110°
<b>Edge shape</b>	radius, elliptical K = 1.5
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	65 x 30 x 25 mm
<b>Temperature range</b>	20 °C +/- 2 °C
<b>Humidity range</b>	40 - 65 %
<b>Recalibration interval</b>	5 years
<b>Certification</b>	<p><b>Option 1:</b> Two edges with METAS certificate as well as factory certificate for all edges.</p> <p><b>Option 2:</b> All edges with METAS certificate.</p>



EdgeCalibrationTool – traceable verification of radius, K-factor and angle





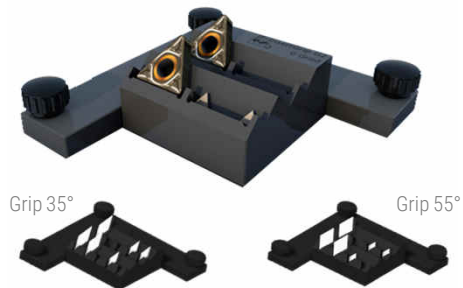


# Grips

## InsertGrip G2

Predefined slots at six different angles ensure precise positioning of up to 10 inserts and enable automated single as well as MultiEdgeMeasurement of cutting edges, while at the same time supporting the automation process and reducing time and labor to a minimum. As the tools do not need to be repositioned measurement accuracy is increased.

<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	116 x 116 x 28 mm
<b>Angles</b>	0°, 35°, 55°, 60°, 80°, 90° (other angles available on request)
Both the mechanical stop and the grips have magnets.	



Measurement of multiple inserts at predefined angles without repositioning

## AdvancedInsertGrip

The AdvancedInsertGrip is an adjustable sample holder for a multitude of cutting inserts. Cutting tools can be put into the same position more than once, which guarantees repeatable measurement results.

<b>Dimensions at tilt angle 0° (W x D x H)</b>	70 x 52.5 x 7.9mm
<b>Tilt range</b>	-25° to +25°
<b>Opening angle</b>	60° and 90°
<b>Slope angle at 0° tilt angle</b>	45°



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## ToolGrip

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The ToolGrip enhances the range of measurable tool sizes and types. It enables the measurement of drills, milling cutters and other round tools with larger diameters and lengths. Tiltable from 0 up to 90°, tools can additionally be rotated inside the v-shaped socket. An adjustable axial and radial stop allows for repeatable insertion of samples. The ToolGrip is well-suited for production environments due to easy and fast sample exchange.

<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	103.7 x 45.5 x 151.1mm
<b>Tilt angles</b>	0 - 90°
<b>Sample diameter</b>	2 - 30 mm
<b>Sample length</b>	40 - 250 mm
<b>Max. sample weight</b>	1 kg



The ToolGrip enables repeatable measurements of complex cutting edge geometries.

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## RotationGrip

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The RotationGrip is a clamping device with a three-jaw scroll chuck and manual tilt and rotation axis. It enables precise positioning of tools at various tilt and rotation angles.

<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	108 x 96 x 80 mm
<b>Max. sample weight</b>	1.5 kg
<b>Max. sample length</b>	150 mm
<b>Aperture</b>	11 mm
<b>Tilt range</b>	approx. 0 - 60°
<b>Rotation range</b>	0 - 360°
<b>Clamping range</b>	
<b>Inner gripping range</b>	ø 0.5 - 16 mm
<b>Outer gripping range</b>	ø 10 - 50 mm



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## NanoGrip

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The NanoGrip is a sample holder with an adhesive microstructure for fixing components with a smooth contact surface. Users achieve highly repeatable measurements by fixing the sample holder with four knurled screws to the measurement system.

<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	180 x 7.5 x 150 mm
<b>Sample area with microstructure</b>	75.4 x 75.4 mm
<b>Electrical resistance of the structure</b>	$10^{2-5}\Omega$

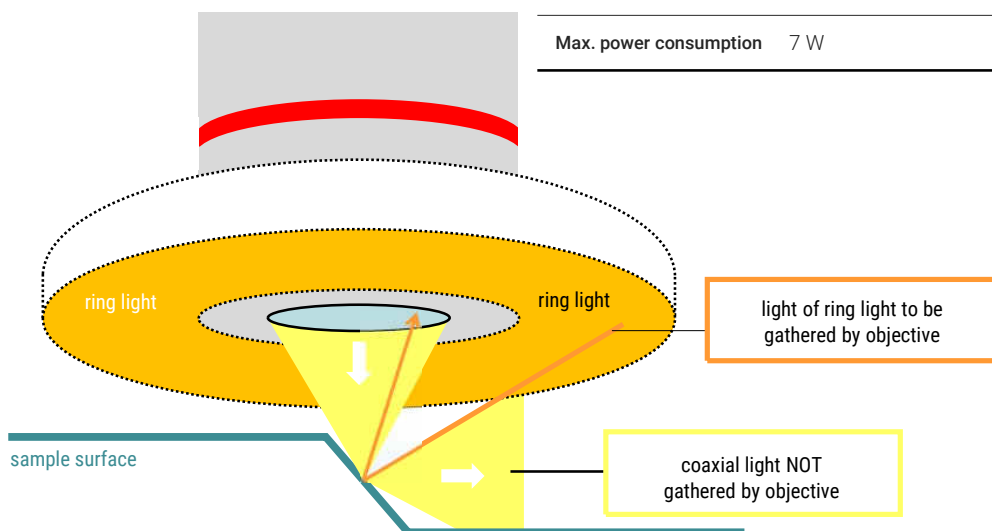


# Accessories

## RingLightHP

Designed for computer-controlled use, the RingLightHP features 56 high-power LEDs to brightly illuminate reflective surfaces, reduce shadows, detect edges and highlight surface roughness. Due to the LEDs' alignment in two concentric rings, the RingLightHP is ideal for measuring samples that have to be uniformly illuminated. At the same time the 24 independently controllable LED segments with adjustable dimming enable focusing on specific areas of the sample. The innovative magnetic snap-on system ensures easy and secure attaching to the objective. The spring connectors allow cable-less power supply and controlling with Alicona software.

Dimensions (W x D x H)	88 x 30 x 71.6 mm
Weight	160 g
Light source	56 white LEDs
Cooling	3 miniature fans
Operating type	S1 (continuous operation)
Supply voltage	7.5-12 VDC
Max. power consumption	7 W



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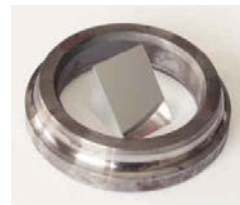
## 45DegreeMirror

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Optical 45° mirror to enhance and facilitate the measurement of complex forms such as undercuts and/or negative flanks as well as inside measurements. Its reflective surface ensures ideal sample illumination.

Due to weak illumination, the measurement of negative flanks and undercuts usually poses a problem. With this product the light is redirected to hit the steep flank. Thus, the flank is adequately illuminated and can be measured.

<b>Length of the hypotenuse</b>	28.30 mm
<b>Length of the cathetus</b>	20 mm
<b>Surface accuracy</b>	$\lambda/8$
<b>Coating</b>	enhanced aluminium



Even difficult samples can be easily measured with the 45DegreeMirror.

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## SpacerPlate

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The SpacerPlate is an accessory for extending the height of the stage. Especially for roughness measurement a stable positioning can be ensured. It is available in two different heights:

- » 17.5 mm (weight: ~1.8 kg) and 35 mm (weight: ~2.5 kg).



SpacerPlate –  
height extension and stable  
positioning

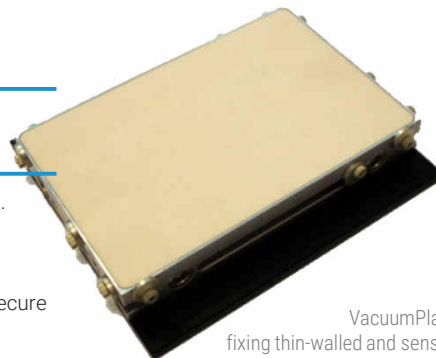
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## VacuumPlate

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The VacuumPlate is used for fixing samples on the InfiniteFocus G6. Especially thin-walled and sensitive materials, e. g. sheets, paper or rubber can be easily fixed. The plate consists of a porous base plate which distributes the vacuum evenly on the surface. Lateral stops secure samples in a certain position.

- » Dimension of the surface area:  
38 mm x 200 mm x 300 mm (weight: 8.7 kg).



VacuumPlate –  
fixing thin-walled and sensitive  
materials

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## RotationTable

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The RotationTable is used for aligning components along the X or Y axis of the system. It is ideal for the measurement of horizontal or vertical grooves.

- » Dimensions: 310 mm x 310 mm x 14.5 mm (weight: ~3 kg).
- » Max. sample weight: 32 kg (heavy samples must be positioned in the center of the RotationTable).



RotationTable –  
easy alignment of hardware  
components

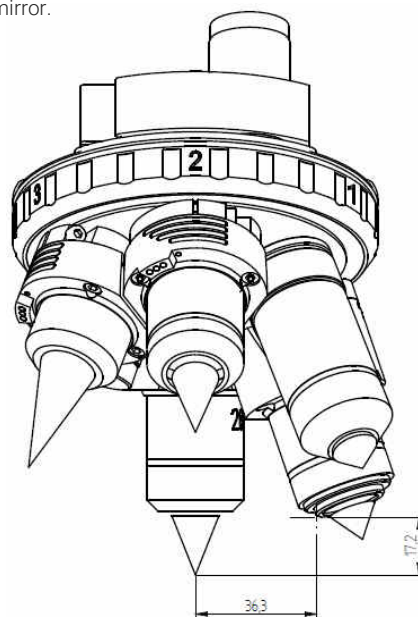
# Long Working Distance Objectives

## Easily access complex geometries

The objectives of this series are specifically designed for the measurement of complex geometries such as turbine blades and gears as well as samples with deep holes and bores. Due to their extended working distance, they are also highly suitable for customized measurements requiring a mirror.

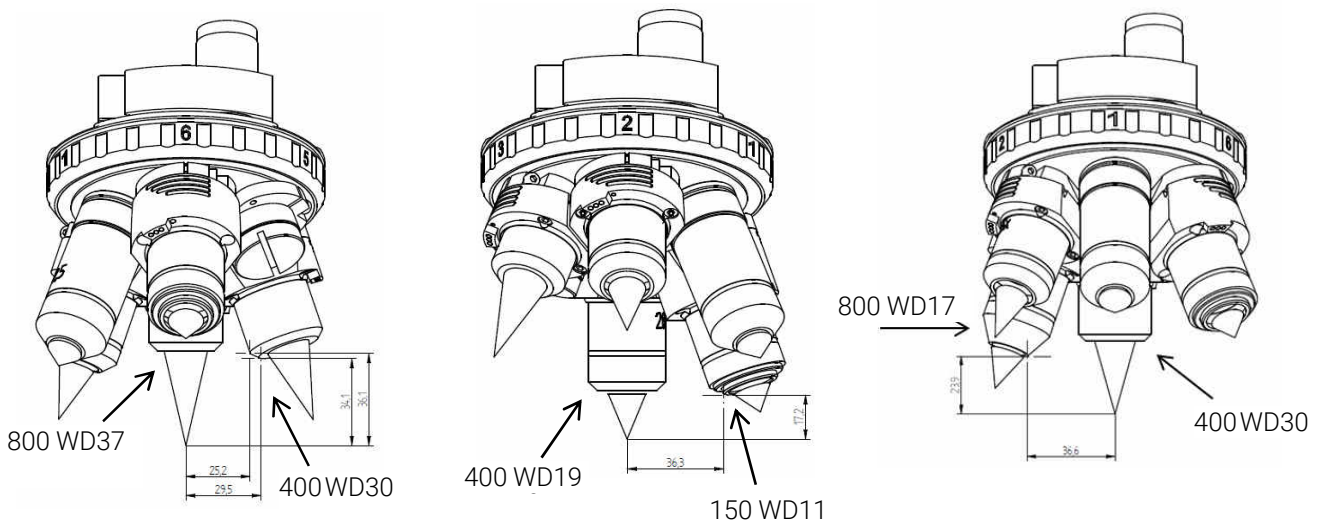
### BENEFITS

- » Longer working distance than standard series
- » Suitable for samples with hard-to-access measurement positions
- » Enable the measurement of complex geometries
- » Facilitate customized measurements requiring a mirror
- » Easy handling



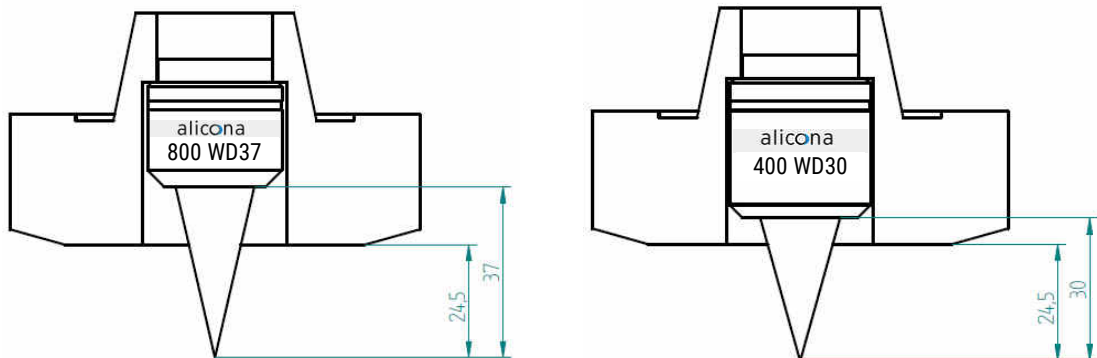
## Configurations with long WD objectives

Depending on the objective configuration which is customized for your application, the use of long working distance objectives may limit the number of objectives and working distance of adjacent objectives. The figures below show some examples of possible configurations, showing the limitations of the working distance of standard objectives caused by their adjacent long working distance objectives.



## Ring light usage

The white high-power LED ring light with its 24 independently controllable segments enables the measurement of nearly any surface, including highly-reflective surfaces and steep flanks. However, the working distance of the long WD objectives is limited when used with the ring light.



Working distance of 800 WD37 with ring light

Working distance of 400 WD30 with ring light



# *Technical Specifications*

The following specifications conform to the guidelines of the Initiative Fair Datasheet. Specifications in blue mark Alicona specific values.



## INITIATIVE FAIR DATASHEET

The "Fair Datasheet" considers itself a quality label to encourage manufacturers of measurement instruments to provide practice-oriented and comparable specifications. The initiative is supported by various manufacturers of measurement instruments, users such as Audi, Bosch and Daimler as well as by the Kaiserslautern University of Technology, with PTB, ZVEI and VDI considerably contributing to its operation.

# Technical Specifications

## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

<b>Measurement principle</b>	Non-contact, optical, three-dimensional Technologies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advanced Focus-Variation (Smart Flash 2.0)</li> <li>Vertical Focus Probing</li> <li>Real3D</li> </ul>
<b>Number of measurement points</b>	Single measurement: X: 2160, Y: 2160, X x Y: 4.6 million ImageField: up to 500 million
<b>Positioning volume (X x Y x Z)</b>	200 mm x 200 mm x 180 mm = 7 200 000 mm <sup>3</sup>
<b>Positioning volume (R x T)</b>	AdvancedReal3DUnit (optional): Motorized rotation: 360° / Motorized tilt: - 15° to + 90°
<b>Maintenance</b>	Yearly service and recalibration recommended
<b>Coaxial illumination</b>	LED coaxial illumination (color), high-power, electronically controllable
<b>Ring light illumination (optional)</b>	White LED high-power ring light, 24 segments, wireless, snap-on system
<b>System monitoring</b>	Automatic self-diagnosis due to temperature sensors, internal current and voltage monitoring
<b>ControlServerSF</b>	6 Core, 32 GB DDR4, SSD 512GB, Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 64bit, 2x 27" Full HD LED Monitor
<b>IP code</b>	IP20
<b>Noise emission</b>	≤ 70 dB(A) during normal operation

## DIMENSIONS AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	Measurement instrument: 910 mm x 690 mm x 1100 mm; ControlServerSF: 180 mm x 440 mm x 500 mm
<b>Mass</b>	Measurement instrument only: 160 kg; ControlServerSF: <20 kg; AdvancedReal3DUnit <20kg
<b>Ambient temperature range</b>	Measurement instrument: possible: 19° C - 28° C; calibrated for: 20° C - 24° C (can be calibrated for other temperature ranges); ControlServerSF: possible: 0° C - 30° C
<b>Permissible temperature gradient</b>	Less than 1° C/h
<b>Permissible relative humidity</b>	Recommended: 45 % (+/-5 %); possible: 45 % (+/-15 %)
<b>Supply voltage and current electric power</b>	1000 W; 100 - 240 VAC; 50 - 60 Hz

## MEASUREMENT OBJECT

<b>Surface texture</b>	Any surface, including polished metals
<b>Max. height</b>	Up to 315 mm; more on request
<b>Max. weight</b>	Up to 30 kg; more on request; 5-axes max. sample weight: 4 kg
<b>Max. measurable slope angle</b>	Advanced Focus-Variation: 87° / Vertical Focus Probing: > 90°
<b>Preparation</b>	none

## OBJECTIVE SPECIFIC FEATURES

Objective name <sup>(1)</sup>		3000 WD8	1900 WD30	800 WD37 <sup>(2)</sup>	800 WD17	400 WD30 <sup>(2)</sup>	400 WD19	150 WD11	80 WD4
<b>Working distance</b>	mm	8.8	30	37	17.5	30	19	11	4.5
<b>Lateral measurement range (X,Y)</b>	mm	5.3	3.8	1.6	1.6	0.8	0.8	0.3	0.16
<b>Measurement point distance</b>	µm	2.88	1.77	0.72	0.72	0.36	0.36	0.14	0.07
<b>Measurement noise</b>	nm	800	80	40	15	20	5	2	1
<b>Vertical resolution</b>	nm	2300	250	130	50	80	30	15	10

<sup>(1)</sup> Objectives with longer working distance available upon request.

<sup>(2)</sup> Objective available in special objective configuration.

## RESOLUTION AND APPLICATION SPECIFICATIONS

Objective name		3000 WD8	1900 WD30	800 WD37 <sup>(2)</sup>	800 WD17	400 WD30 <sup>(2)</sup>	400 WD19	150 WD11	80 WD4
Min. measurable roughness (Ra)	µm	n.a.	n.a.	0.7	0.18	0.24	0.12	0.05	0.03
Min. measurable roughness (Sa)	µm	n.a.	n.a.	0.35	0.09	0.12	0.06	0.025	0.015
Min. measurable radius	µm	20	12	5	5	3	3	2	1

## ACCURACY<sup>(3)</sup>

<b>Flatness deviation</b>	1.5 mm x 1.5 mm with 800 WD17 objective	U = 0.1 µm
<b>Max. deviation of a height step measurement</b>	Height step 10000 µm Height step 1000 µm Height step 100 µm Height step 10 µm Height step 1 µm	$E_{\text{UnitZ: St: ODS, MPE}} = 0.8 \mu\text{m}, \sigma = 0.4 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitZ: St: ODS, MPE}} = 0.5 \mu\text{m}, \sigma = 0.1 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitZ: St: ODS, MPE}} = 0.4 \mu\text{m}, \sigma = 0.05 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitZ: St: ODS, MPE}} = 0.3 \mu\text{m}, \sigma = 0.025 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitZ: St: ODS, MPE}} = 0.15 \mu\text{m}, \sigma = 0.01 \mu\text{m}$
<b>Profile roughness</b>	Ra = 0.1 µm Ra = 0.5 µm	U = 0.025 µm, $\sigma = 0.002 \mu\text{m}$ U = 0.04 µm, $\sigma = 0.002 \mu\text{m}$
<b>Area roughness</b>	Sa = 0.1 µm Sa = 0.5 µm	U = 0.02 µm, $\sigma = 0.002 \mu\text{m}$ U = 0.03 µm, $\sigma = 0.002 \mu\text{m}$
<b>Distance measurement</b>	XY up to 1 mm XY up to 10 mm XY up to 20 mm MultiMeasurement XY	$E_{\text{UnitXY: Tr: ODS, MPE}} = 0.7 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitXY: Tr: ODS, MPE}} = 1.0 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitXY: Tr: ODS, MPE}} = 2.0 \mu\text{m}$ $E_{\text{UnitXY: Tr: ODS, MPE}} = 3.2 \mu\text{m} + L/100$ <sup>(4)</sup>
<b>Wedge angle</b>	$\beta = 70^\circ - 110^\circ$	U = 0.15°, $\sigma = 0.02^\circ$
<b>Edge radius</b>	R = 5 µm - 20 µm R > 20 µm	U = 1.5 µm, $\sigma = 0.15 \mu\text{m}$ U = 2 µm, $\sigma = 0.3 \mu\text{m}$

<sup>(2)</sup>  $E_{\text{Unit}}$  and  $E_{\text{B}}$  based on ISO 10360-8.

<sup>(4)</sup> Measurement at reference temperature of 22°C +/- 0.5K and with reference weight of 15kg +/- 5kg.

# Technical Specifications

## AdvancedReal3DUnit G3

<b>Rotation axis (B-axis)</b>	360° rotation; motorized
<b>Tilt axis (A-axis)</b>	-15° to +90°; motorized
<b>Accuracy rotation axis (B)</b>	+/- 0.2 Arc sec/° (max. 10 Arc sec)
<b>Accuracy tilt axis (A)</b>	+/- 0.04 Arc sec/° (max. 20 Arc sec)
<b>Resolution rotation axis (B)</b>	0.1 Arc sec
<b>Resolution tilt axis (A)</b>	0.02 Arc sec
<b>Max. speed rotation axis (B)</b>	> 30°/sec
<b>Max. speed tilt axis (A)</b>	> 10°/sec
<b>Dimensions (W x D x H)</b>	327 mm x 318 mm x 207 mm
<b>Weight</b>	< 20 kg
<b>Clamping system variants*</b>	AdvancedReal3DUnit with three-jaw lever scroll chuck; AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R** with 3R-SP26771 MacroHP; AdvancedReal3DUnitEROWA** with EROWA ITS Chuck 100P

\*Other clamping systems available upon request.

\*\*These systems require a compressed air pressure of 6 - 10 bar.

<b>AdvancedReal3DUnit</b>	
<b>Max. sample weight</b>	4 kg
<b>Max. sample diameter</b>	100 mm
<b>CLAMPING RANGE</b>	
<b>Outer clamping range</b>	ø 2 mm to 71 mm
<b>Inner clamping range</b>	ø 22 mm to 69 mm
<b>Clear aperture</b>	ø 23.5 mm



AdvancedReal3DUnit with three-jaw lever scroll chuck

<b>AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R</b>	
<b>Max. sample weight</b>	4 kg
<b>Max. sample diameter</b>	100 mm
<b>Clamping repeatability</b>	2µm



AdvancedReal3DUnit with 3R pallet system

<b>AdvancedReal3DUnit EROWA</b>	
<b>Max. sample weight</b>	4 kg
<b>Max. sample diameter</b>	100 mm
<b>Clamping repeatability</b>	2µm

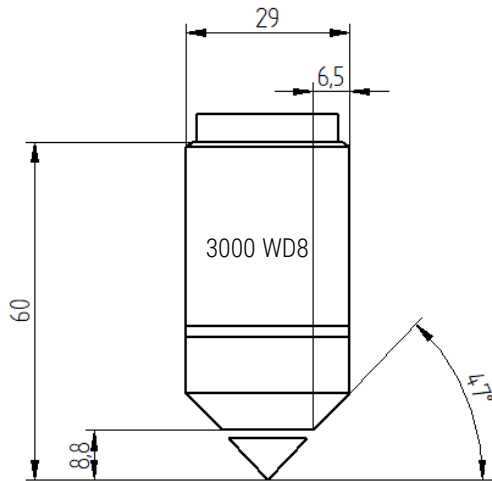


AdvancedReal3DUnit with EROWA pallet system

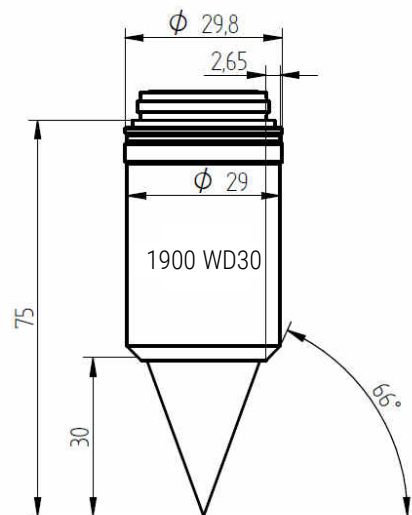
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Objectives: Accessibility and Dimensions

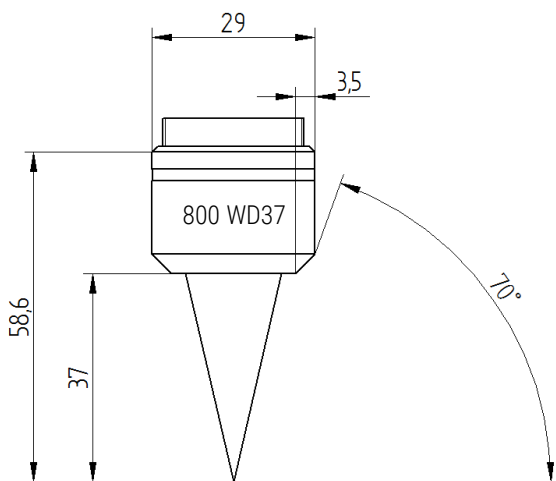
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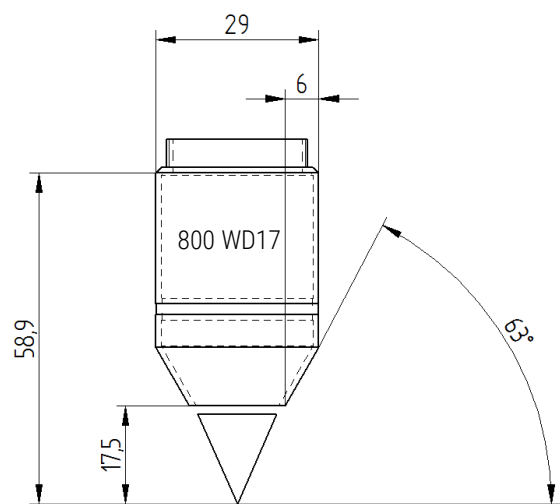
Objective 3000 WD8, accessibility: 47°



Objective 1900 WD30, accessibility: 66°

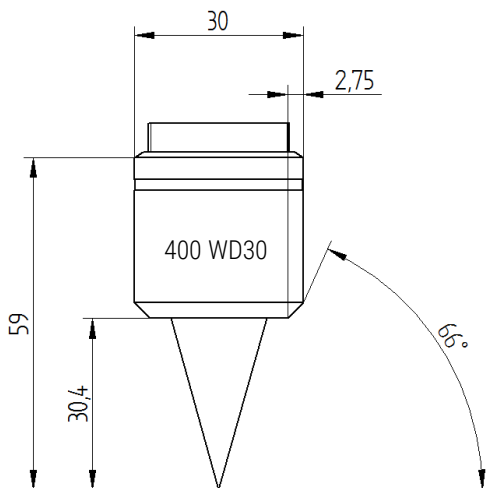


Objective 800 WD37, accessibility: 70°

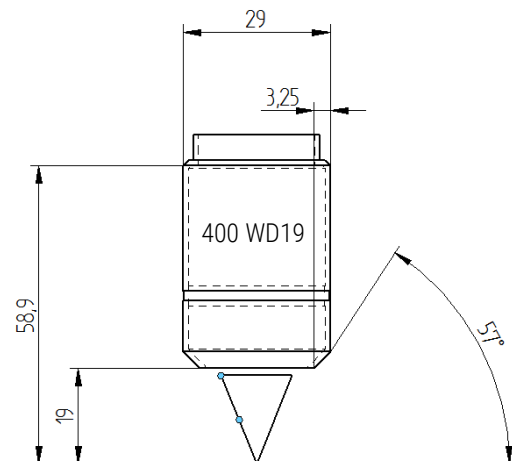


Objective 800 WD17, accessibility: 63°

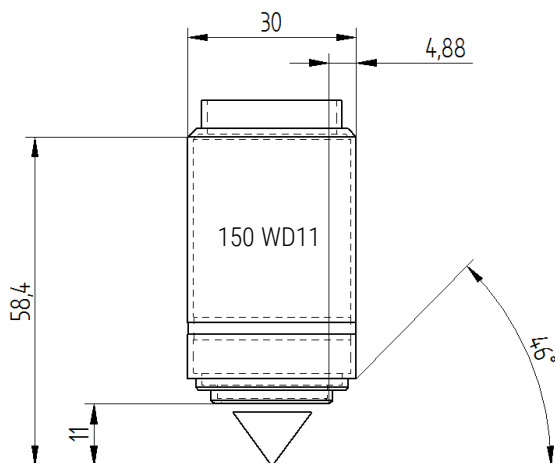
## Objectives: Accessibility and Dimensions



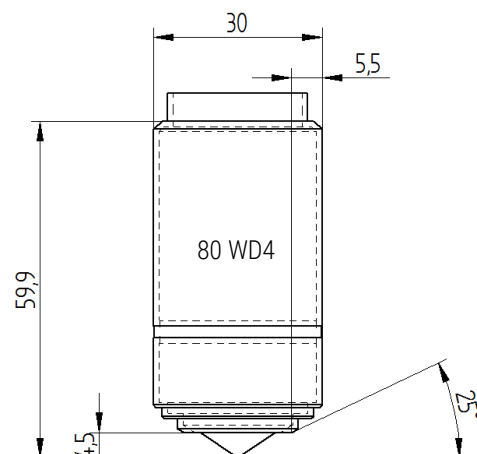
Objective 400 WD30, accessibility: 66°



Objective 400 WD19, accessibility: 57°

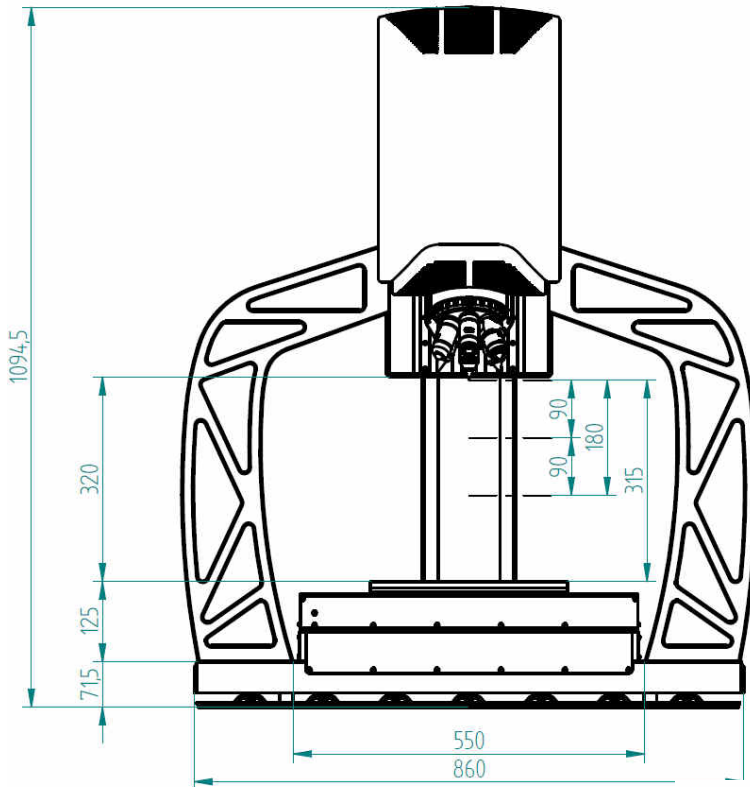


Objective 150 WD11, accessibility: 46°

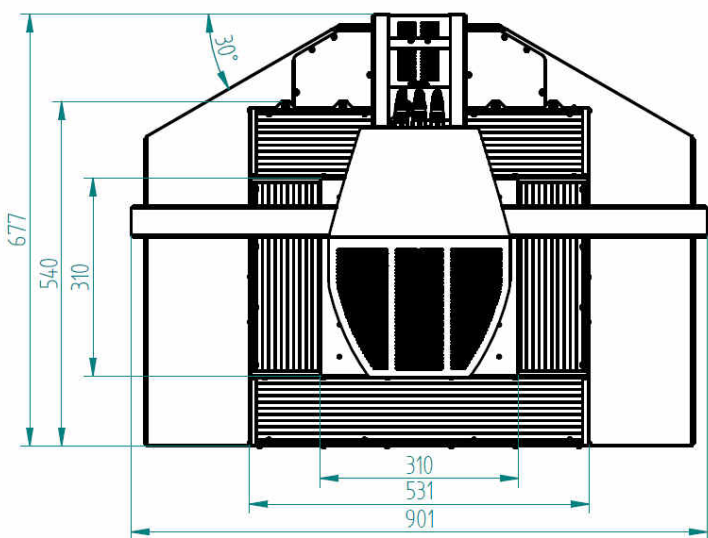


Objective 80 WD4, accessibility: 25°

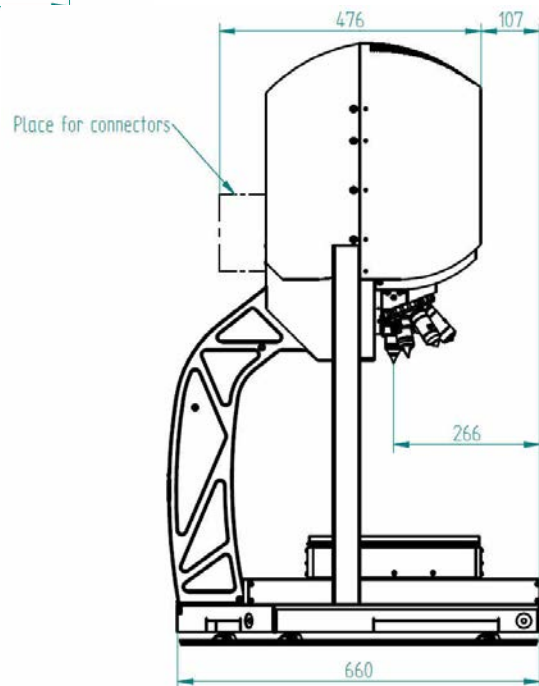
Technical Drawings



Front view



Top view




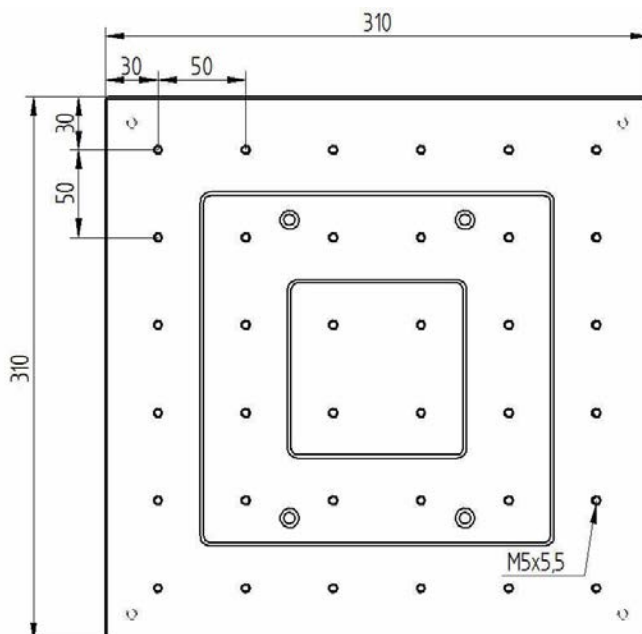
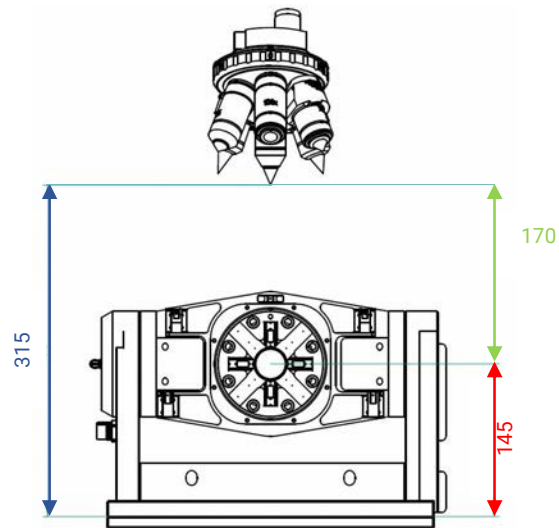
Side view



## Technical Drawings

The **system height** indicates the distance between the table top of the X/Y-stage and the focus point of the objective when the Z-axis is in its highest position.

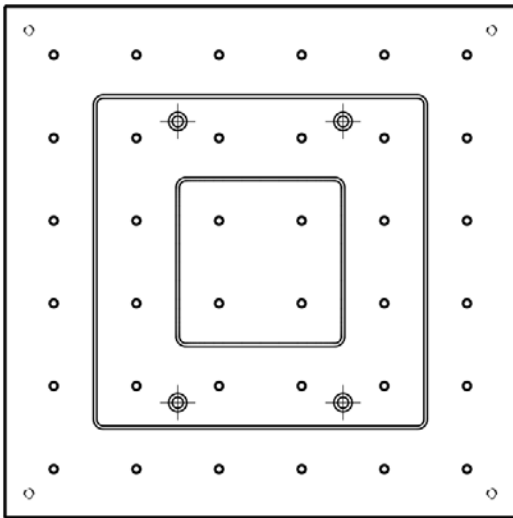
<span style="color: blue;">■</span>	max. specimen height
<span style="color: green;">■</span>	measurable area
<span style="color: red;">■</span>	area that cannot be measured
	SpacerPlates (17.5 resp. 35mm combinable)
Units in mm	



X/Y-stage  
Mounting screws: M5 x 5, knurled

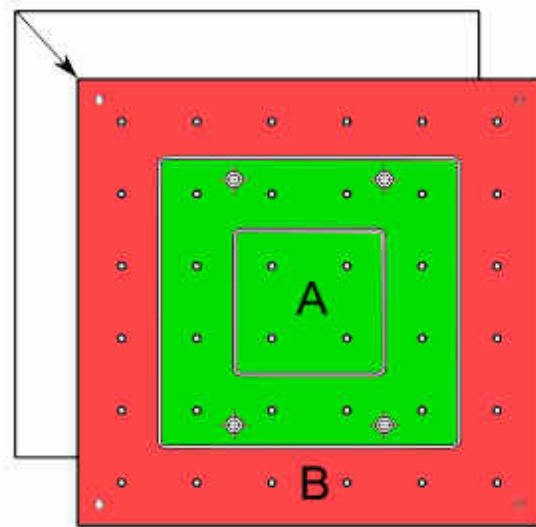
Maximum sample weight

Alternative 1: Stage in middle position



When the X/Y-stage is in the middle position, it is possible to place a sample with a max. weight of **30kg** at any position on the stage top.

Alternative 2: Stage at outside corner



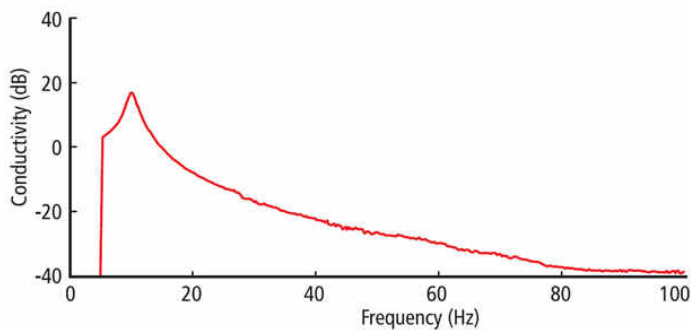
Weight limits

Area A	30kg
Border B	24kg

In order to avoid damage to the stage, pay attention to the following instructions if the sample weighs more than **24kg**:

- » The sample's center of gravity needs to be positioned inside area A.
- » Do not position the sample's center of gravity outside area A.
- » Border B refers to the area 55mm off the stage's outer edge.

Passive vibration absorption system



Damping characteristics of the integrated vibration absorption system.

## Included and Optional Components/Features

Components		
InfiniteFocus G6		
Advanced Focus-Variation	✓	
Vertical Focus Probing	✓	
Real3D		optional
ControlServerSF	✓	
Joystick	✓	
EmergencyStop	✓	
CableSet	✓	
2x Monitors	✓	
Keyboard	✓	
Mouse	✓	
Dongle	✓	
Objectives		
3000 WD8		optional
1900 WD30		optional
800 WD17	✓	
800 WD37		optional
400 WD19		optional
400 WD30		optional
150 WD11		optional
80 WD4		optional
Software Products		
LaboratoryMeasurementModule		
SingleField	✓	
ImageField	✓	
Automation	✓	
RemotingInterface		optional
Color Functionality		optional
MetMaX (incl. Alicona Inspect and standard measurement modules)		
ProfileFormMeasurement	✓	
ProfileRoughnessMeasurement	✓	
SurfaceTextureMeasurement	✓	
VolumeMeasurement	✓	
2DImageMeasurement	✓	
Offline MetMaX (incl. Alicona Inspect and standard measurement modules, see above)		optional

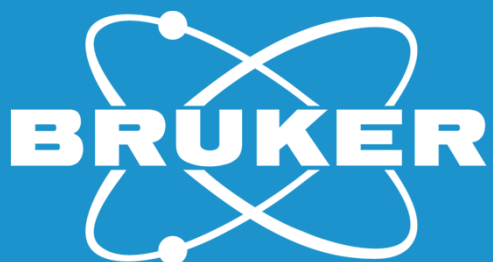
Software Products		
Real3DMeasurement (incl. ContourMeasurement, 3DFormMeasurement and DifferenceMeasurement)		optional
ContourMeasurement		optional
3DFormMeasurement		optional
DifferenceMeasurement		optional
Real3DFusion		optional
Micro Gear Measurement		optional
Micro Gear Measurement Professional		optional
Micro Gear Measurement Test License		optional
ServiceSoftware	✓	
Edge Measurement Package		optional
Offline Edge Measurement Package		optional
Order Management Module		optional
IT Interface		optional
Alicona Inspect Professional		optional
Wear Measurement Module		optional
Automation Package (incl. AutomationManager and MetMaX Automation)		optional
Automatic Defect Measurement		optional
Grinding Grain Analysis		optional
Laser Treatment Analysis		optional
Burr Measurement		optional
Cam Inspection		optional
Valve Inspection		optional
Pick&Place		optional

## Included and Optional Components/Features

<b>Calibration Standards</b>	
CalibrationTool	optional
EdgeCalibrationTool 2 edges with certificate all edges with certificate	optional optional
ArealRoughnessTool	optional
RoughnessTool RoughnessTool-100 RoughnessTool-500 RoughnessTool-3000	optional optional optional
VerificationTool	optional
AdvancedCalibrationPin AdvancedCalibrationPin3R AdvancedCalibrationPinEROWA	<i>applicable version delivered with AdvancedReal3DUnit</i>
<b>Grips</b>	
AdvancedReal3DUnit (incl. AdvancedCalibrationPin and AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table)	optional
AdvancedReal3DUnit 3R (incl. AdvancedCalibrationPin3R and AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table)	optional
AdvancedReal3DUnit EROWA (incl. AdvancedCalibrationPinEROWA and AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table)	optional
AdvancedReal3DUnit Pneumatic (incl. AdvancedCalibrationPin and AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table)	optional
InsertGrip	optional
AdvancedInsertGrip	optional
ToolGrip	optional
RotationGrip	optional
NanoGrip	optional
ChuckAdapter ChuckAdapter3R ChuckAdapterEROWA	optional

<b>Accessories</b>	
AdvancedReal3D Specimen Table	optional ( <i>delivered with AdvancedReal3DUnit</i> )
RinglightHP	optional
Reflecting Block	✓
45DegreeMirror	optional
SpacerPlate SpacerPlate-17 SpacerPlate-35	optional optional
Robust system tables TableRight TableLeft	optional optional
RotationTable	optional
VacuumTable	optional
<b>Extended Hardware Guarantee</b>	optional





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